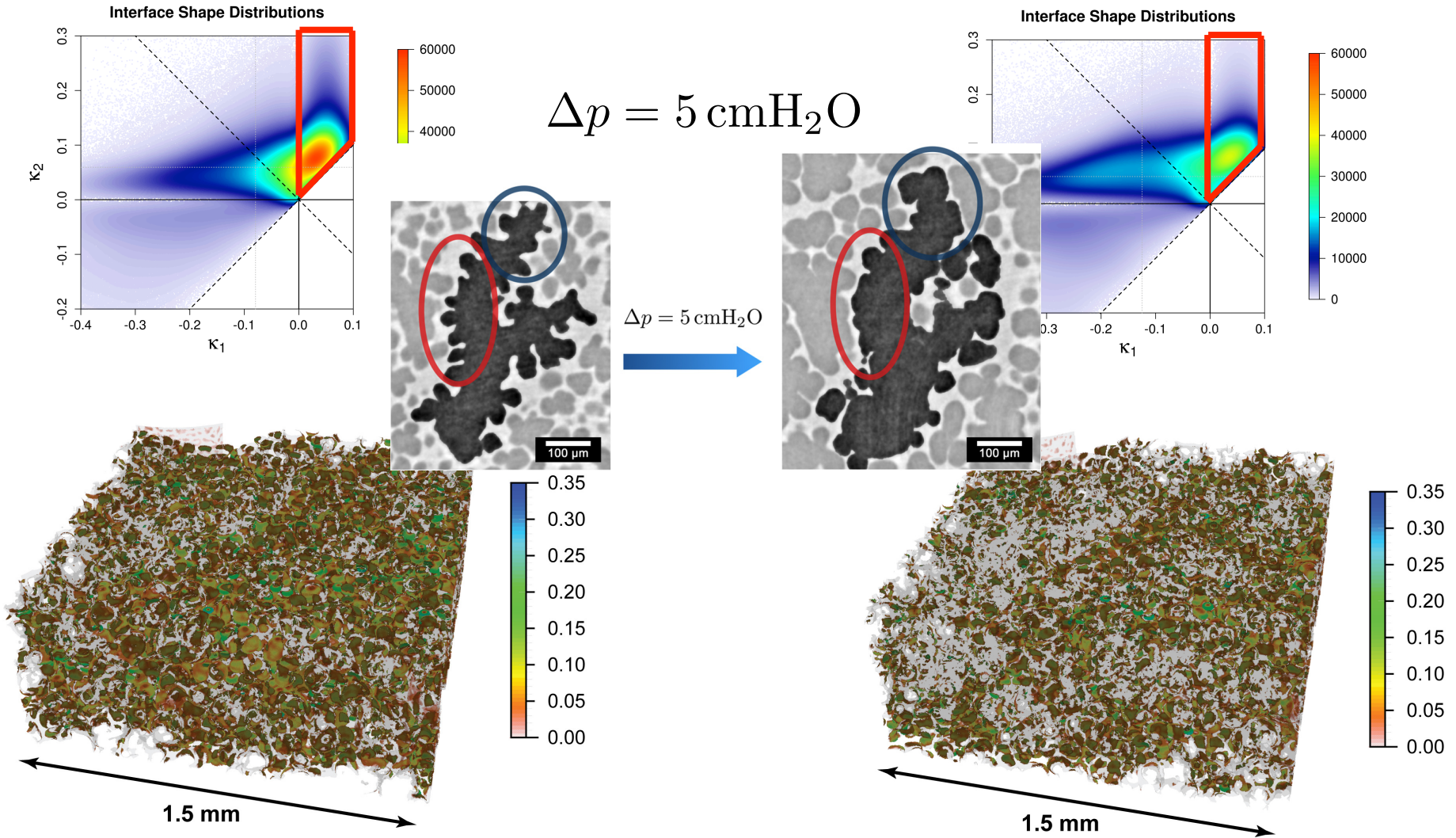


# Dynamic imaging of the lungs: quantification

Curvature analysis to automatize alveoli shape analysis (recruitment?)

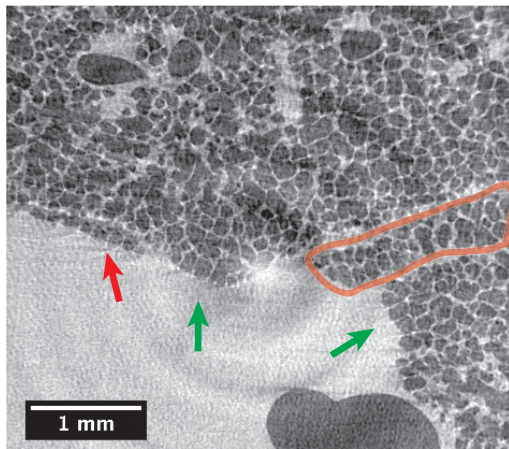


# Time resolved alveoli structure in vivo

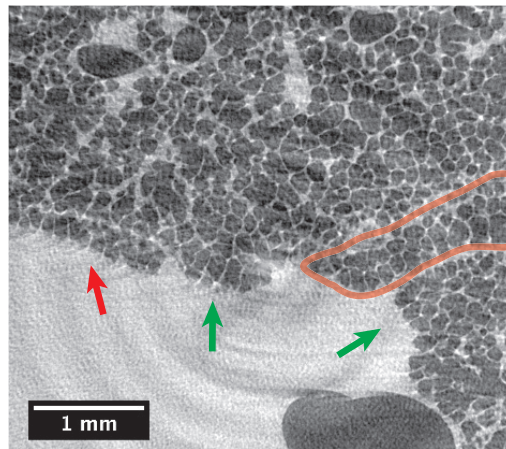
## Ventilation and ECG

- Heterogeneous distention or homogeneous cyclic opening-collapse of alveoli?

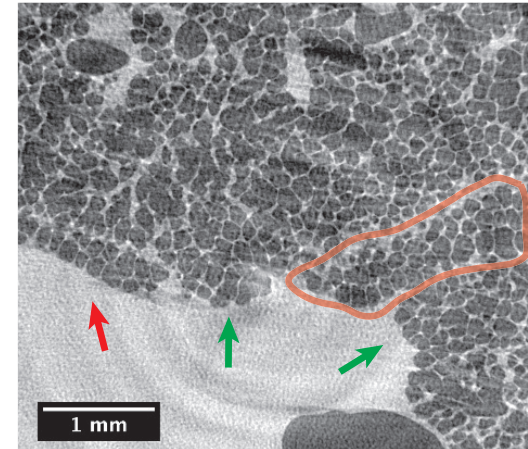
G. Lovric , PhD thesis



(a)



(b)



(c)

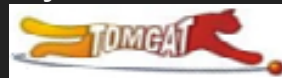
**Figure 7.7.** Tomographic slices of rats lungs at different breath-hold peak-inspiratory pressures: (a) 5 cmH<sub>2</sub>O; (b) 10 cmH<sub>2</sub>O; (c) 15 cmH<sub>2</sub>O. The marked area indicates the region of biggest stretching (approximate change in diameter from 350  $\mu$ m to 450  $\mu$ m, the green arrows indicate regions that are very little changed upon intubation, while the red arrows show a region where new alveolar structures appear, which however originate from “deeper” slices.

# *The Fly*

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# The classical approach to time-resolved tomography

Dynamic studies in 3D are possible if the rate of structural changes in the sample  $\{V_{\text{EVOL}}\} <$  spatial resolution  $\{\delta R\}/\text{scan time } \{t_{\text{SCAN}}\}$ )

$$t_{\text{SCAN}} < \delta R / V_{\text{EVOL}}$$

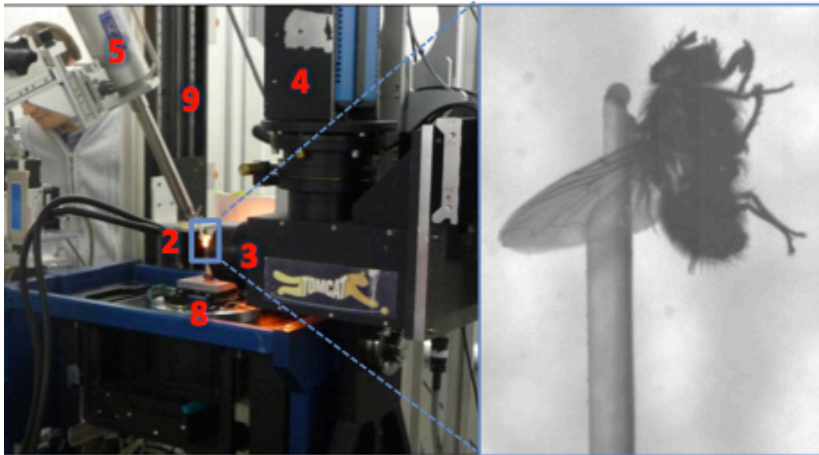


0.5 s      5  $\mu\text{m}$       10  $\mu\text{m/s}$



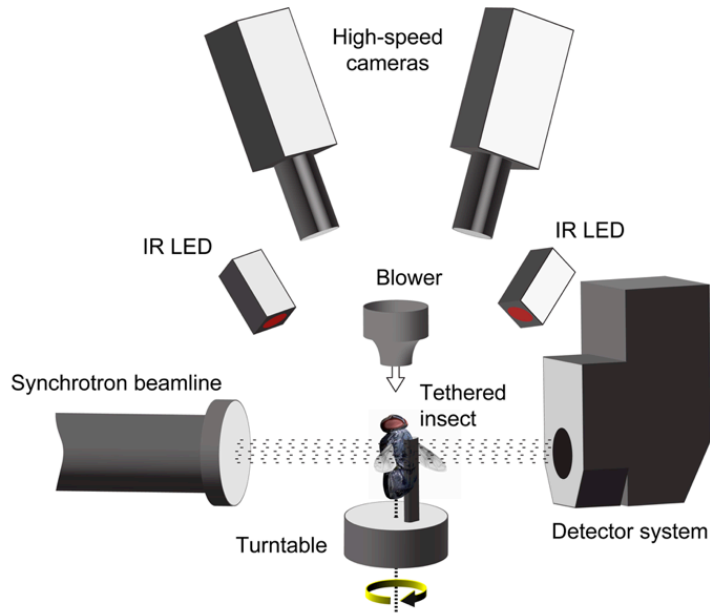
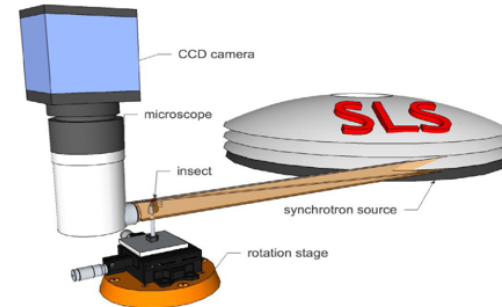
Mokso et al, J/ Phys. D. 2013

# In vivo fly imaging setup



## Experimental setup.

- (1) Beam
- (2) Sample
- (3) Scintillator
- (4) Detector / CMOS camera
- (5) Cryojet
- (6) Fan (for airflow)
- (7) High-speed Camera
- (8) Rotation stage
- (9) Robotic stage (to release fly)

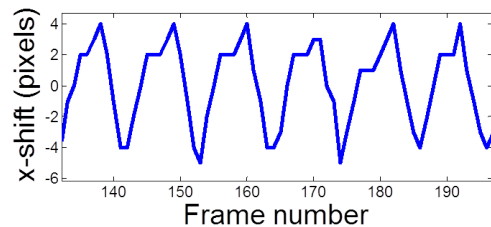
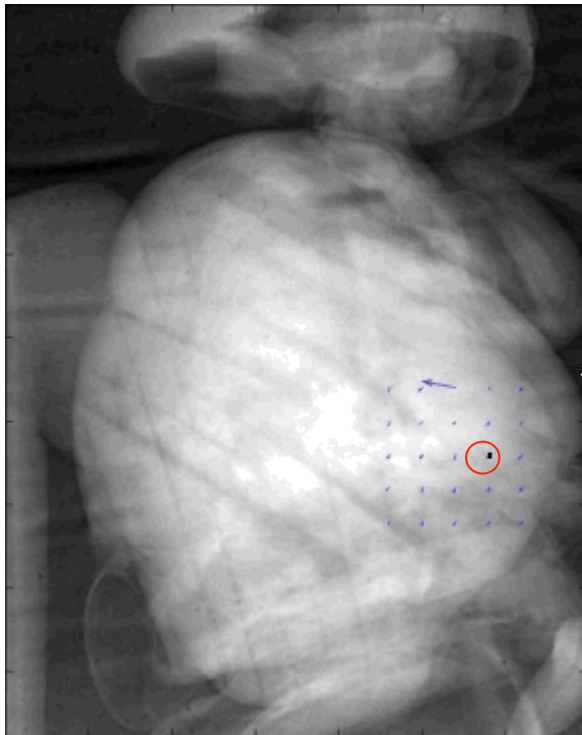


<b>Exposure + Readout</b>	300 + 100 [μs]
<b>Number of projections</b>	a) 1x 8051 (3.3s) SSS b) 1x 1251 (0.5s) SFS c) 6x 1251 (3s) MFS
<b>Voxel size</b>	(3 μm) <sup>3</sup>
<b>X-ray energy spectra</b>	Polychromatic (~ 30 keV see slice data) Monochromatic (18 keV, see renderings)

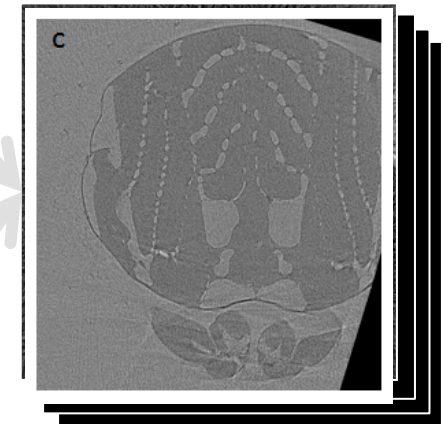
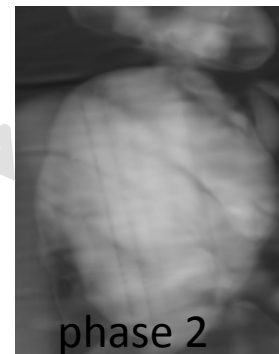
# Optical flow guided retrospective gating

## Image-based grouping of radiographs

- The usual way of gated tomography is to use a gating signal to trigger acquisition
- In our case: no external gating signal; Group radiographs according to wing beat phase (e.g. upstroke / ) using cross correlation.



⋮

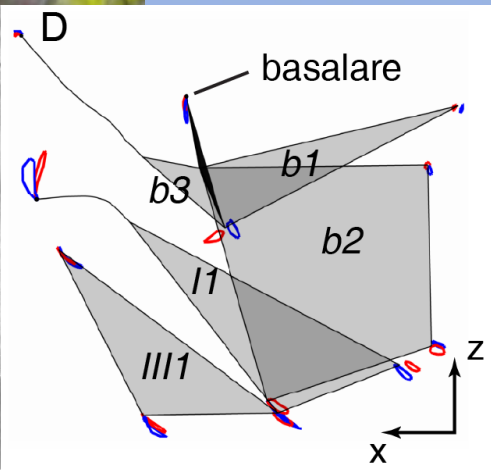
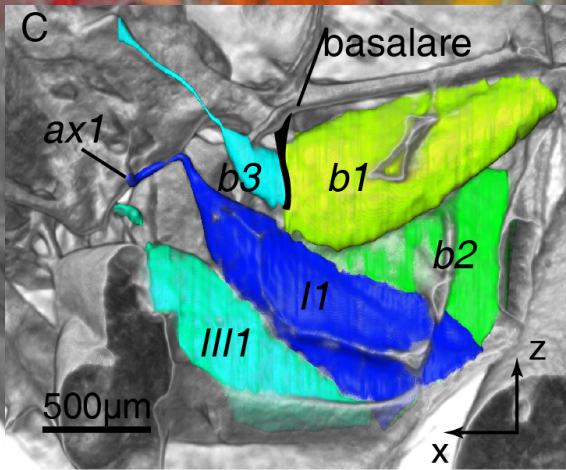
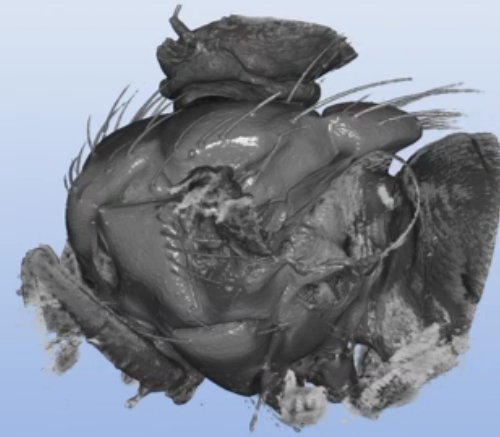


3 kHz effective temporal resolution  
in 3D with 3 um voxel size

Mokso, Schwyn et al. Scientific Reports (2014)

# The flight of insect

Survival ~ 3 s



3 kHz effective temporal resolution  
10-20 μm spatial resolution

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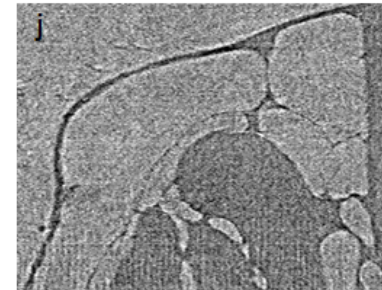
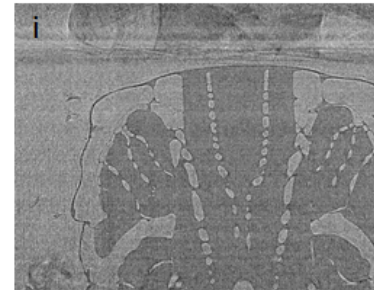
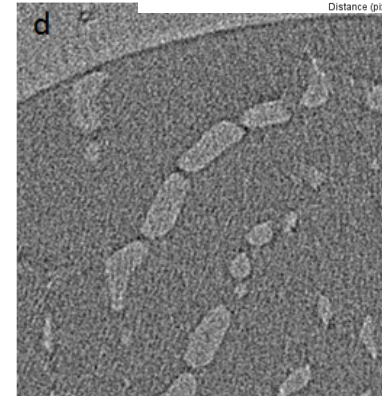
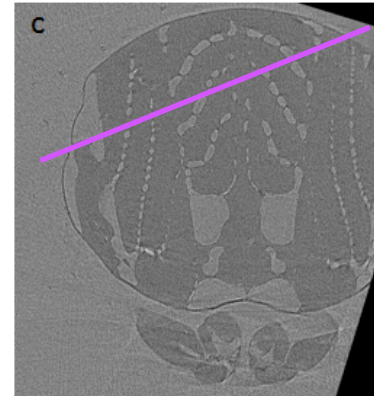
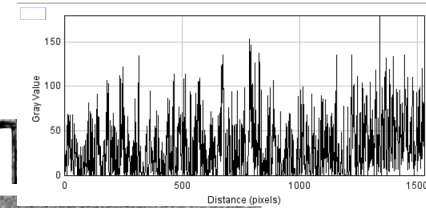
Simon Walker





# Phase tomography vs. edge enhancement

absorption & edge



flight muscles of a fly

Phase tomography

Phase contrast tomography

Mokso et al., J. Phys. D, 2013



# *Liquid Foams*

Christophe Raufaste



Benjamin Dollet



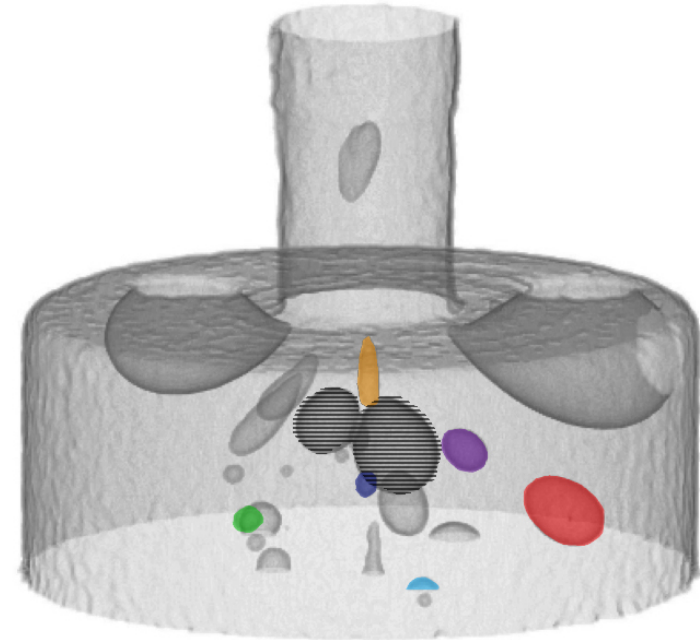
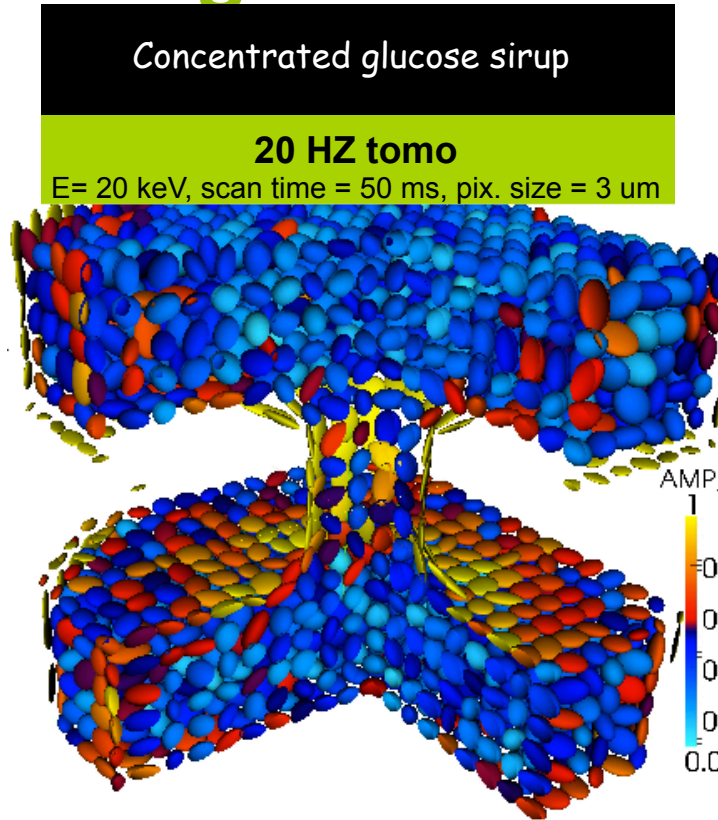
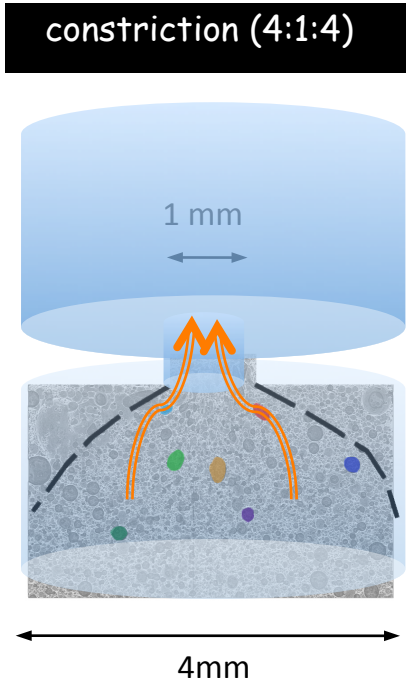
Stephan Santucci



Kevin Mader



# Food foaming in 3D at 20 Hz



Images: Kevin Mader

- Optimize extrusion processing and extrudor design
- Quantify the stability of foam lamellae in food production
- Elongation contraction flow of non-Newtonian fluids