

Radiation safety at KARA, FLUTE and its future upgrades

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RadSynch23, Grenoble, 1.06.2023

KIT – IBPT



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In deep waters

carrying a lot of water

relaxing at Rhine waters



Outline

Accelerator Test Facilities at IBPT



- KARA (Karlsruhe Research Accelerator) at glance
- Radiation Safety at KARA
- KARA upgrades
- FLUTE (Ferninfrarot Linac- und Test-Experiment) concept
- Inherited Assets historic
- General Radiation Safety at FLUTE PSS Dump Activation Linac Activation Vacuum tube Activation Hall Air Activation
- Future upgrades
 - cSTART, LPA
- Summary

KIT Light Source scheduled until end of 2024

Low energy operation, now being upgraded

FLUTE

Accelerator Test Facilities at IBPT

KARA





Karlsruhe Research Accelerator KARA



Circular accelerator with tangential beamlines Associated laboratories for sample preparation Building approx. 80 m x 90 m various Beamlines





Karlsruhe Research Accelerator (KARA)

KIT synchrotron light-source & accelerator test facility

Parameters	Values
Circumference	110.4 m
Energy range	0.5 – 2.5 GeV
RF frequency / period	500 MHz / 2 ns
Revolution frequency / period	2.715 MHz / 368 ns
Beam current	up to 200 mA
RMS bunch length	45 ps (2.5 GeV) a few ps (1.3 GeV)



www.ibpt.kit.edu/kara

Radiation Shielding at KARA





Lead bricks







KARA Operation Status

- Operation modes in 2022:
 - 0.5/2.3/2.5 GeV user optics, 0.5/1.3 GeV low-alpha, 0.5/1.3 GeV negative alpha

Power supply refurbishment program

- Kicker and septum magnets in booster and storage ring: Done in 2021
- Storage ring sextupole magnet: In operation since September 2022
- Booster bending and quadrupole magnet: <u>Commissioned March 2023</u>
- Storage ring bending magnet: <u>Installed commissioning now</u>

Upgrades less relevant to RS

Specifics of BLs at KARA







Example - EO diagnostic port at IBPT







High Energy Scattered Synchrotron Radiation at the KARA Visible Light Diagnostic Port

David Batchelor (this Workshop)

FLUTE in a massive housing





Radiation shielding and safety at FLUTE



Concrete wall



Hall 15 m x 14.5 m inside

Minimum 1.5 m concrete

- Equivalent around labyrinths
- Local shieldings lead bricks
- Massive revolving door
- Restricted area when rf on
- Space for upgrades / new devices
- Location at KIT Campus North
- Activation measurements monthly



Massive revolving door









FLUTE door



Karlsruher Zyklotron , ZAG , FLUTE

1974 "Karlsruher Zyklotron"

Commercial operation for isotope production



Since 2013 – Constructing, Commissioning and Operation of FLUTE in the former experimental hall of Cyclotron.

2023 upgrades



Some challenging heritage







Chemistry pipe



RSO risking live(s) for quality assurance (hist)







FLUTE: Accelerator Test Facility at KIT

- FLUTE (Ferninfrarot Linac- Und Test-Experiment)
 - Test facility for accelerator physics within ARD
 - Experiments with THz radiation



www.ibpt.kit.edu/flute



Final electron energy	~ 41	MeV
Electron bunch charge	0.001 - 1	nC
Electron bunch length	1 - 300	fs
Pulse repetition rate	10	Hz
THz E-Field strength	up to 1.2	GV/m

R&D topics

- Serve as a test bench for new beam diagnostic methods and tools
- Systematic bunch compression and THz generation studies
- Develop single shot fs diagnostics
- Synchronization on a femtosecond level

FLUTE - Personal Safety System





ground floor

basement

Beam Dump (Full Energy)







- 99.995% Al absorber
- modular Pb shielding
- neutron shielding "if necessary"

Activation in aluminum absorber of the Beam Dump



target	nuclide	T1/2	Threshold	Saturation activity (GBq / kW) at electron beam energy (MeV)						activity
									1	pure material
				10	15	20	25	30	35	MBq
Al	Na-24	14.96h	23.71	0	0	0	0.02	0.37	1.1	1.155
	Al-26m	6.37s	13.03	0	0.74	37	140	244	325	341.25
<mark>total ch</mark>	arge		<mark>3</mark> nC							
<mark>rep. fre</mark>	quency		10 Hz							
Energy			35 MeV							

Energy

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Activation in iron impurity of absorber

<mark>Absorber A</mark>	luminum		
<mark>99.995</mark>	ppm	Mg	1.75
Fe	24.7	Mn	0.84
Si	6.38	Ga	0.46
Cu	4.05	Sn	0.3
Zn	2.88	Ti	0.29
Р	2.12	В	0.2

susceptibility to irradiation Moderately susceptible Highly susceptible

target	nuclide	T1/2	Threshold	Sa	aturation a	activity (GB	q / kW)			activity	content	activity
				at electron beam energy (MeV)				pure material	in Alu	scaled		
	_			10	15	20	25	30	35	MBq	ppm	Bq
Fe	Mn-54	303d	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9	17.0	22.0	23.1	24.7	7 570.6
	Mn-56	2.57h	10.6	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	24.7	7 31.1
	Fe-53	8.51m	13.6	0.0	0.4	9.6	19.0	25.0	27.0	28.4	24.7	7 700.2

Negligible activation in any operational stage



Activation in a copper structure of linac



target	nuclide	T1/2	Threshold	Saturation activity (GBq / kW)				activity		
				at electron beam energy (MeV)				pure material		
				10	15	20	25	30	35	MBq
Cu	Cu-61	3.32h	19.73	0	0	0.004	8.5	24	32	33.6
	Cu-62	9.76m	10.84	0	28	177	318	407	407	427.35
	Cu-64	12.80h	9.91	0.0004	22	103	155	177	185	194.25

Potential activation in steel



target	nuclide	T1/2	Threshold	Sa	turation a	activity (GE	3q / kW)			activity	content	activity
				at	electron	beam ener	gy (MeV)			pure material	in steel	scaled
				10	15	20	25	30	35	MBq	%	MBq
Fe	Mn-54	303d	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9	17.0	22.0	23.1	71.0) 16.4
	Mn-56	2.57h	10.6	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	71.0) 0.9
	Fe-53	8.51m	13.6	0.0	0.4	9.6	19.0	25.0	27.0	28.4	71.0) 20.1
Ni	Ni-56	6.10d	22.5	0.0		0.0	0.1	1.3	2.4	2.5	8.0) 0.2
	Co-56	77.3d	-									
	Ni-57	36.0h	12.2	0.0	3.7	44.0	96.0	133.0	155.0	162.8	8.0) 13.0
	Co-57	270d										

No activation at <10 MeV



Experimental Hall air activation



					limit		
nuclide	t _{1/2}	activation	activation	inhalation	submersion	after App VII	exploited
	h	Bq	Bq/m ³	Bq/m ³	Bq/m ³	Bq/m ³	
¹³ N	1.66E-01	1.00E+05	5.90E+01	n.a.	2.00E+03	2.00E+04	2.95E-03
¹⁵ O	3.39E-02	1.07E+04	6.30E+00	n.a.	1.00E+03	1.00E+04	6.30E-04
¹⁴ C	4.99E+07	5.15E+00	3.03E-03	6.00E+00	n.a.	6.00E+01	5.05E-05
⁴¹ Ar	1.83E+00	6.94E+04	4.08E+01	n.a.	2.00E+02	2.00E+03	2.04E-02
¹¹ C	3 39E-01	3 77E+04	2 22E+01	6 00E+02	3 00E+03	6 00E+03	3 69E-03
Sum	0.002 01	0	01	0.002.02	0.002.00	0.002.00	0.028

Operational approval









Test Facilities at IBPT – Present & Upgrades



Artistic view of the cSTART facility in the first stage Very Large Acceptance compact Storage Ring







cSTART Project

Circumference	43.2 m
Lattice	90 degree DBA
Revolution time	144 ns

- Motivation: Storage of ultra-short (fs) electron bunches with high repetition rate
- Compact storage ring with very large momentum acceptance and dynamic aperture
- FLUTE with new transfer line as injector
- Status:
 - Conceptual design and specification: finished
 - Transfer line magnets: first magnets delivered
 - Test diagnostics at KARA booster: ongoing



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cSTART Project

- FLUTE will serve initially as injector
- Option probably under existing operational license
- A very large momentum acceptance and dynamic aperture enables an injection of a low quality electron beam like, e.g., LPA
- Losses in transfer section and in the machine will substantially increase radiation in the hall.
- LPA will have a major impact on existing operational license



Summary

- KARA operational until at least 2024
- KARA upgrades less relevant to RS
- FLUTE is operational
- Upgrade to full energy operation
- Relevant activations are calculated.
- Air activations in the experimental hall comply with German Radiation Safety Ordinnance
- Permanent operational license obtained 2021
- Safety relevant parameter will increase in the future with cSTART
- LPA will probably require a new operational license.





KARA



Thank you

