

MEASUREMENTS OF BREMSSTRAHLUNG BY FIELD EMISSION FROM THE BESSY HOM CAVITIES

...and other news from HZB

RadSynch23, Grenoble
Holger Huck, 01.06.2023

BESSY II
SEAlab

HZB: Facts and figures



Lise Meitner Campus



Locations

Wannsee
Adlershof



Wilhelm Conrad Röntgen Campus

~1250 employees

- ~600 researchers
incl. 100 PhD students
- ~30 trainees
- ~10 young investigator groups



**~2700 visits p.a. from
guest researchers**



~30 countries

Funding

10% State of Berlin
90% federal government

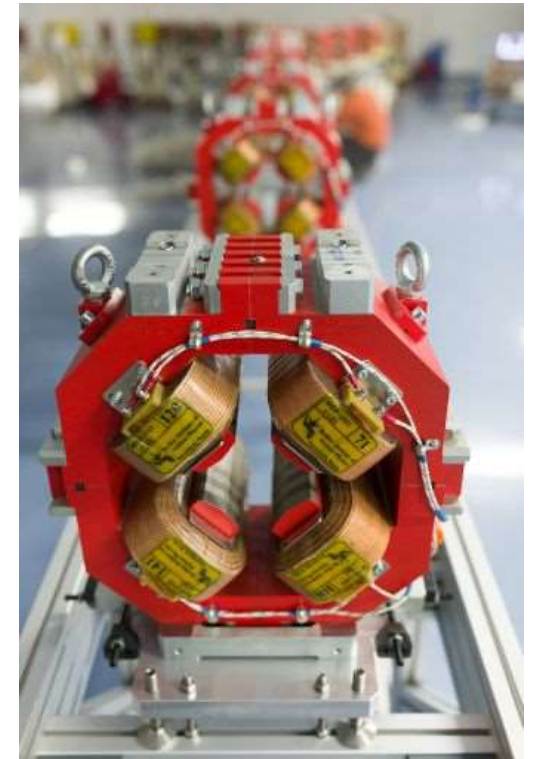
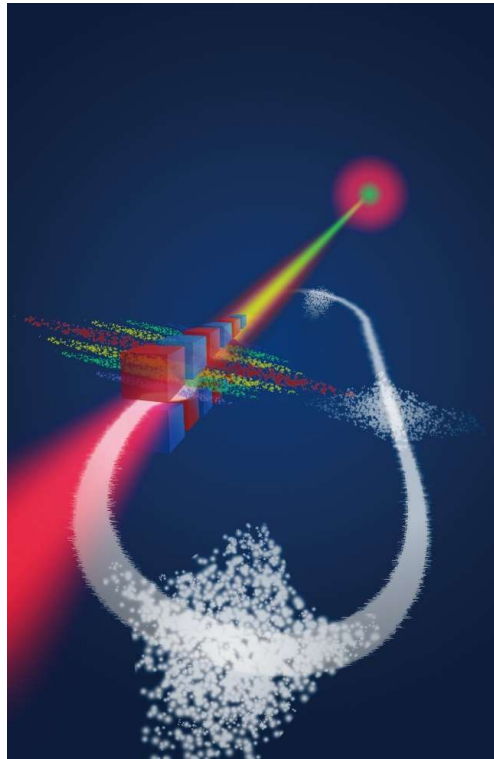


Budget



Accelerators

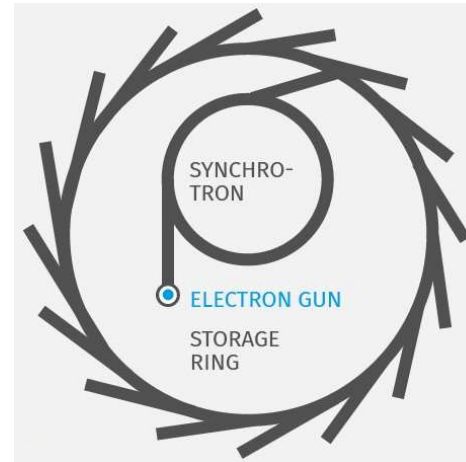
- Operation and development of
 - **BESSY II**
 - **Metrology Light Source - MLS (PTB)**
 - an accelerator for eye tumour therapy
- Design of successors **BESSY III** and **MLS II**
- Innovative operation schemes
- Sustainable accelerator concepts
- SRF technology (e.g. VSR-Demo)
- Advanced accelerator test infrastructures for industrial components (**SEALab**, **bERLinPro**)



BESSY II: Brilliant light for science

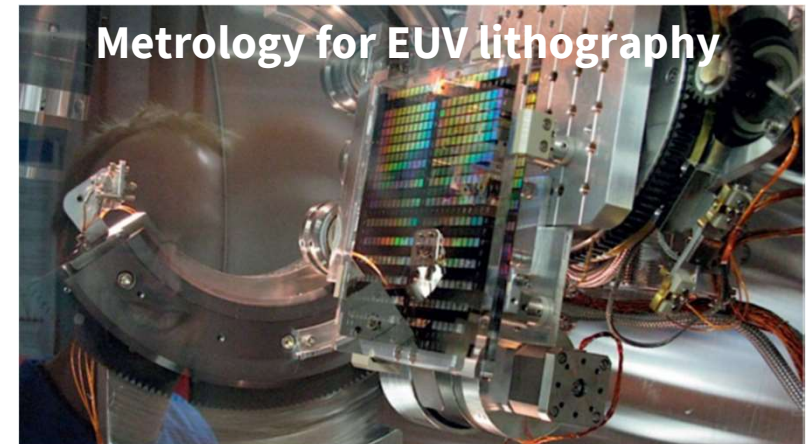
- Electron storage ring with 240 m circumference (1.7 GeV, 300 mA)
- Brilliant X-ray radiation for research; focus on **soft X-rays**
- **38 beamlines** in user operation
- ~ **2700 user visits** p.a. from ~30 countries
- Primary source standard for PTB's metrology

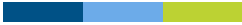
Scheme synchrotron/storage ring



Highest accuracy: PTB @ BESSY II

- PTB uses BESSY II and MLS (Metrology Light Source) for metrology with synchrotron radiation
- For industry and materials science applications
- Examples: EUV lithography and space instruments
- MLS: 650 MeV, 200 mA



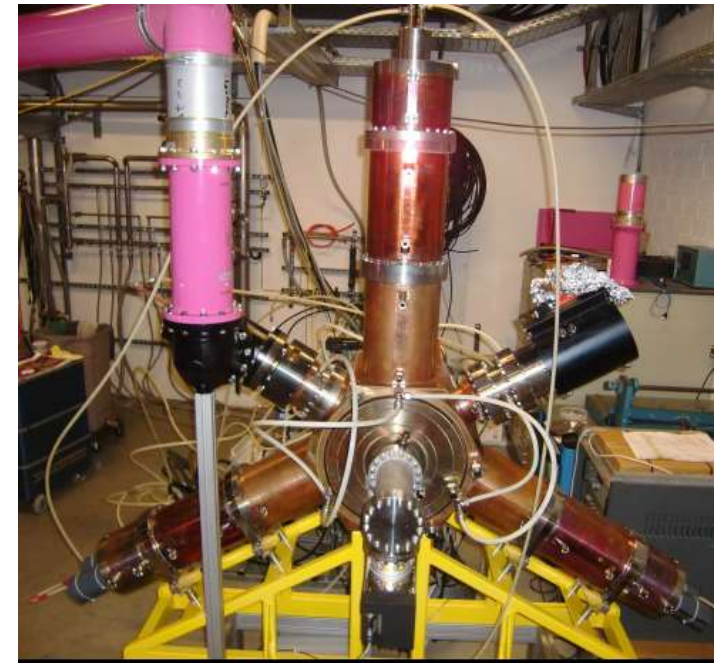


BESSY HOM Cavity



BESSY HOM CAVITY

- Developed by a collaboration 15-20 years ago
- Early tests at MLS [1] and DELTA [2] (Dortmund University)
- Installed at BESSY II 2013/2015 [3]
- Also in operation at ALBA, planned for DIAMOND



- **500 MHz, NC, HOM damped single cell cavity**
- **3.4 M Ω shunt impedance**
- **80 kW / 738 kV**

[1] F. Marheuser, E. Weihrer, Proc. EPAC2004, Lucerne, pp. 979-981, 2004

[2] T. Weis et al., Proc. RuPAC2006, Novosibirsk, pp. 138-140, 2006

[3] W. Anders et al., Proc. IPAC2017, Copenhagen, THPIK013, 2017

EARLY „INCIDENT“

- During installation several years ago, cavities were accidentally operated at high power (~40 kW) with people working in the tunnel
- Alarm from ambient dosimetry: 5 $\mu\text{Sv/h}$ at 3 m distance
- Fortunately no personal doses detected (<0.1 mSv)

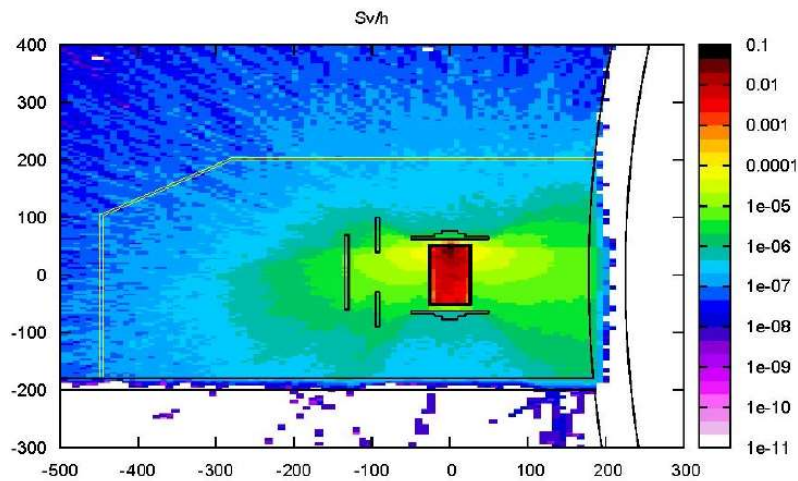
- Consequently, a separate exclusion area was defined for future RF tests in the SR tunnel



- **5 $\mu\text{Sv/h}$ @3m (transverse)**
- **40 kW / 520 kV**

CAVITY TEST STAND

- Conditioning of spare cavities
- Fenced-in, exclusion area on the roof of SR tunnel
- Several „mobile“ lead walls
- Shielding design based on FLUKA simulations and the previous 40 kW measurements



- **< 0.5 μ Sv/h outside fence**
- **40 kW / 520 kV**

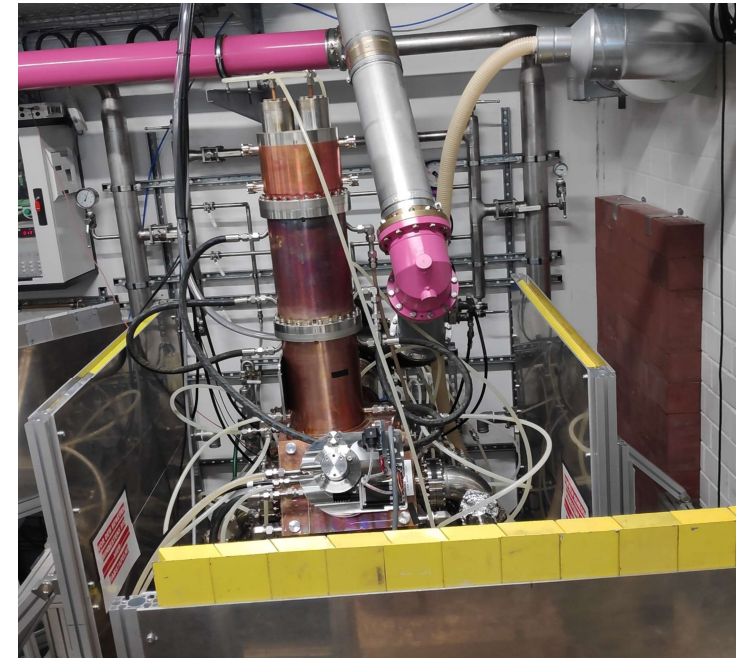
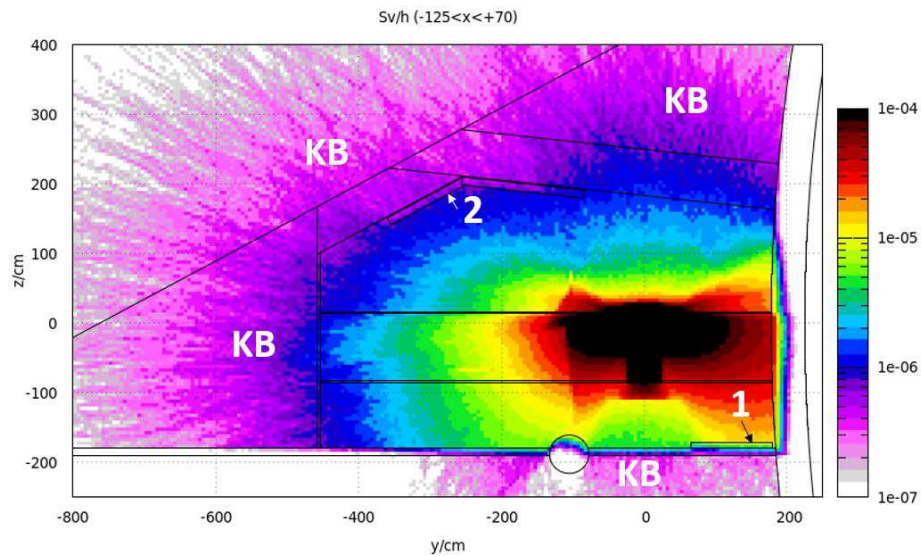
FIELD EMISSION

- In the vicinity of local impurities (dirt, scratches), electrons can escape the cavity walls (local spikes in field strength)
- Accelerated electrons hit opposite wall and produce X-rays
- Hard to predict, and theory not fully understood
- Much worse for super-conducting cavities (higher gradients, risk of quench)
- @HZB, highest dose rate ever measured was 5 Sv/h from a TESLA 9-cell SRF cavity



TEST STAND UPGRADE (01.06.2021)

- New 80 kW SSA, new LLRF
- Upgrade of shielding necessary
- First approach: simulation with same loss current, but higher voltage, resulting in 2-3x dose rate (vs. 40 kW)

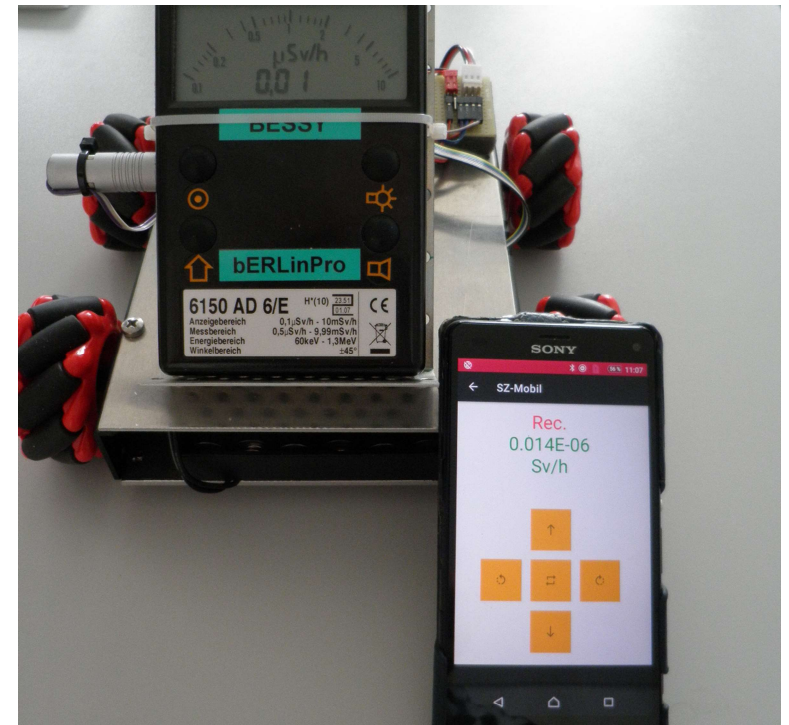


- 80 kW / 738 kV
- More lead walls
- Additional heavy concrete

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

- Mobile ionization chamber automess 6150 AD [1]
- Data transfer by wifi/bluetooth (DIY solution)
- Logging: raspberry pi or phone
- Remote controlled car/robot available

- Outside fence: Berthold UMo LB 123 (50 nSv/h – 100 mSv/h)

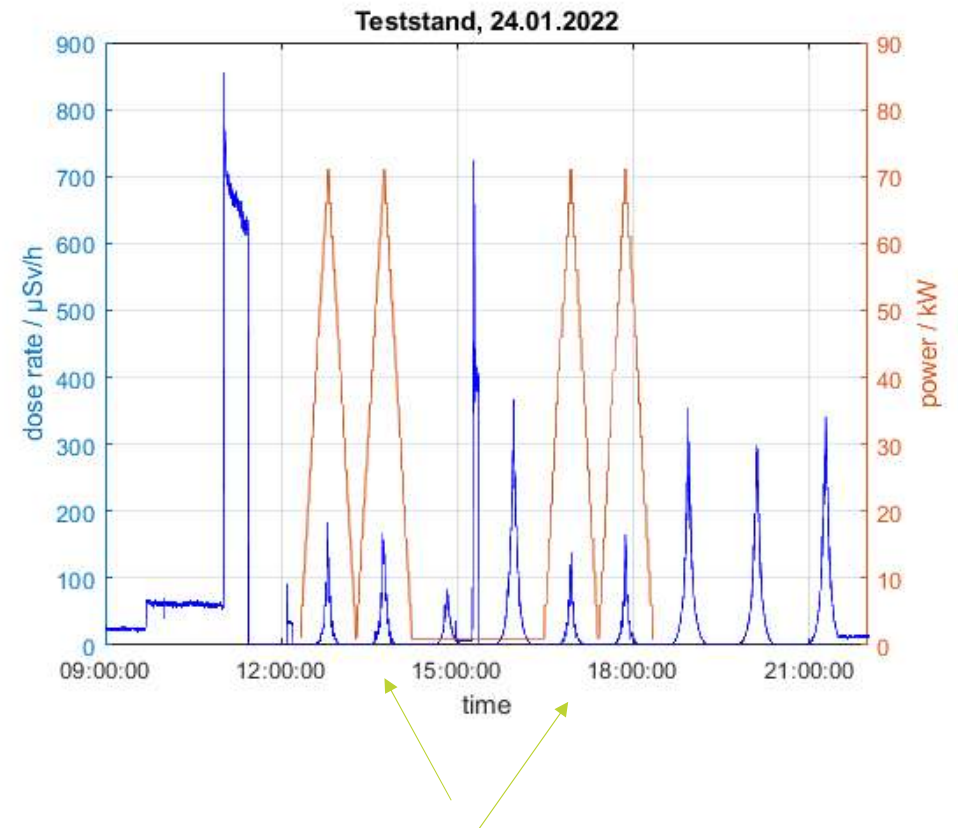


- **0.5 μ Sv/h – 10 mSv/h**
- **60 keV – 1.3 MeV**
- **Can be „officially“ calibrated**

[1] www.automess.de

MEASUREMENTS

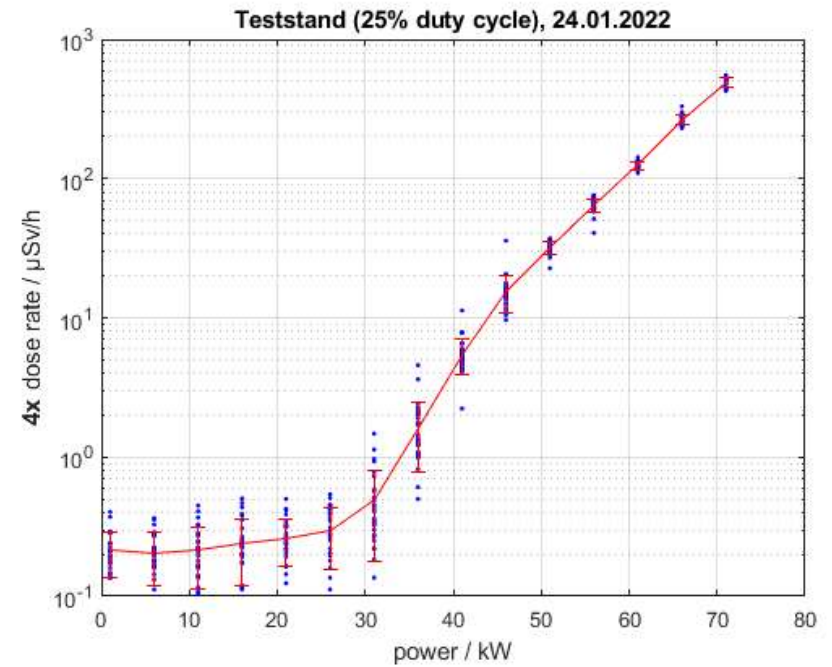
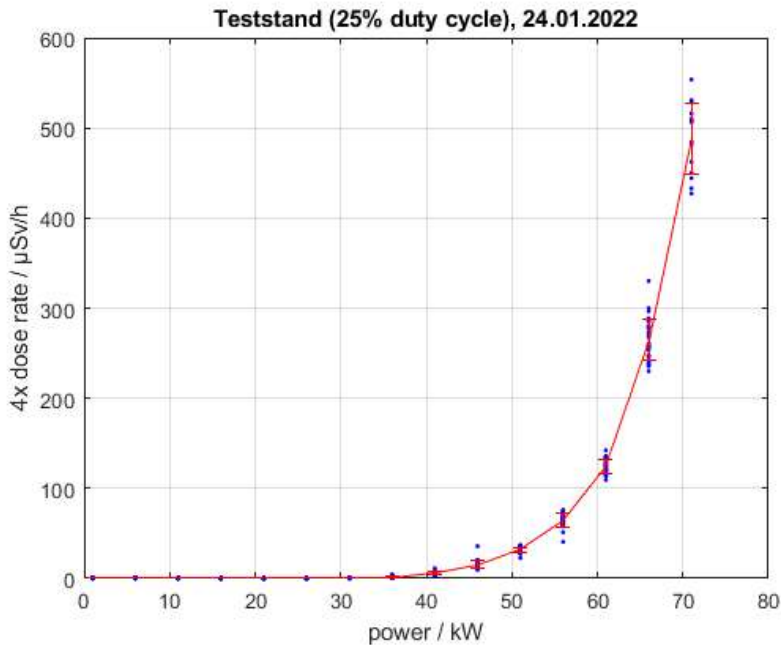
- Some difficulties with coupling and cooling
- Eventually reached up to 71 kW in cavity (695 kV)
- Outside fence: up to 9 $\mu\text{Sv/h}$ (20 $\mu\text{Sv/h}$ @3m height)
- ...and up to **900 $\mu\text{Sv/h}$** directly below cavity (125 cm distance to axis)
- Later tests were mostly done pulsed (better cooling and reduced radiation)



RF on/off for 250/750 ms

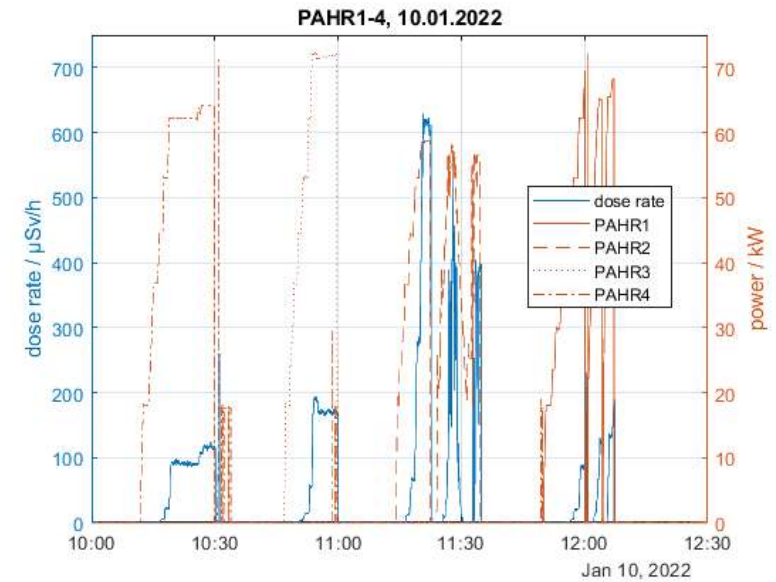
MEASUREMENTS

- Lower dose rates after initial conditioning and in pulsed mode, but still several 100 $\mu\text{Sv/h}$
- Roughly exponential rise with power, starting at ~ 30 kW



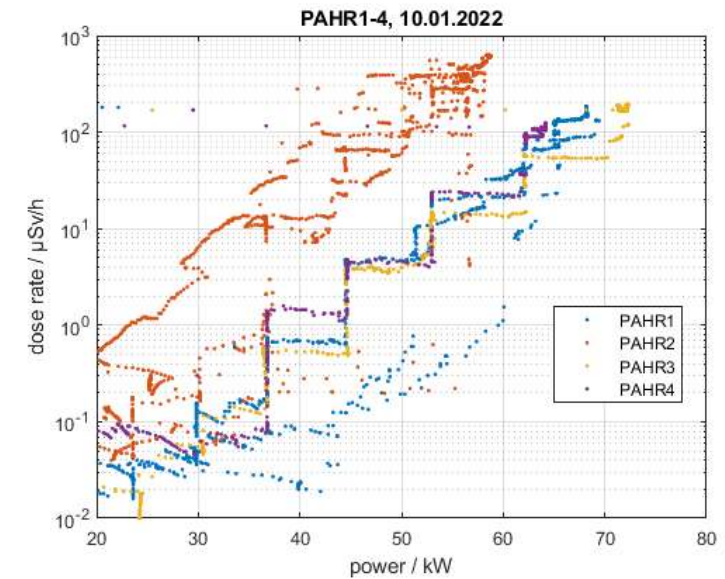
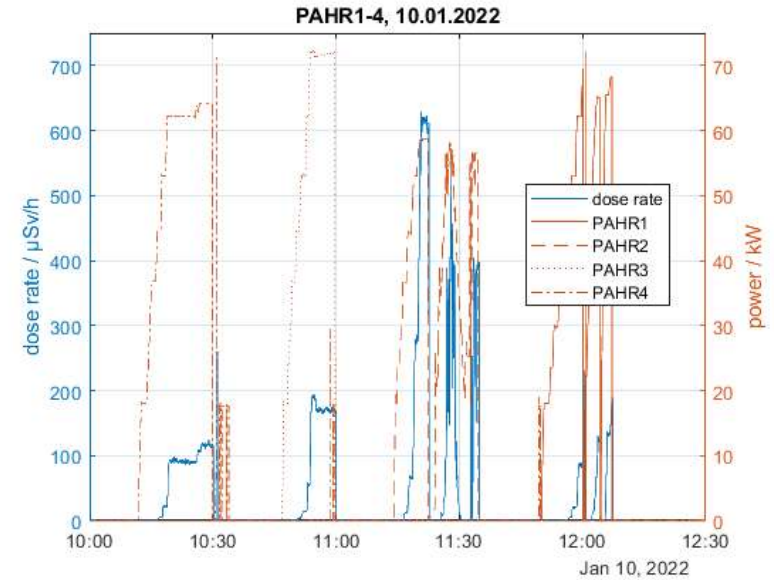
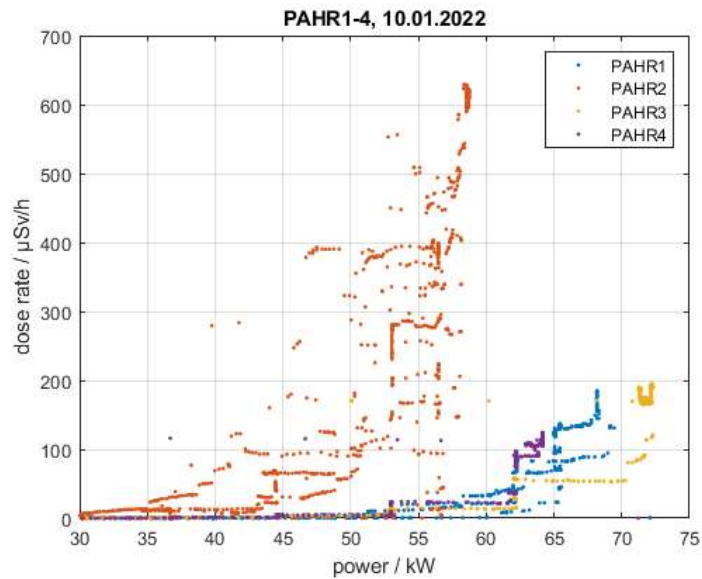
INSIDE THE SR TUNNEL

- Short time slot for measurements
- Limited by vacuum, cavities not fully conditioned
- One problematic cavity (#2)



INSIDE THE SR TUNNEL

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- Limited by vacuum, cavities not fully conditioned
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RESULTS...

- Up to 1 mSv/h @1m by field emission from a normal conducting cavity (500 MHz, 75 kW, 700 kV)
- Exponential rise of FE with power, starting from a certain threshold (consistent with SRF case)
- Threshold can vary, depending on conditioning, surface quality, vacuum, temperature...
- Another cavity was tested up to 50 kW (similar dose rates, worse cooling issues)

...AND PLANS

- **Test stand dormant since ~1y, due to LLRF issues and general work load on RF group**
- **Plans to measure 2 other cavities**
- **Additional shielding required**
- **Better cooling might help?**

...and other news from HZB

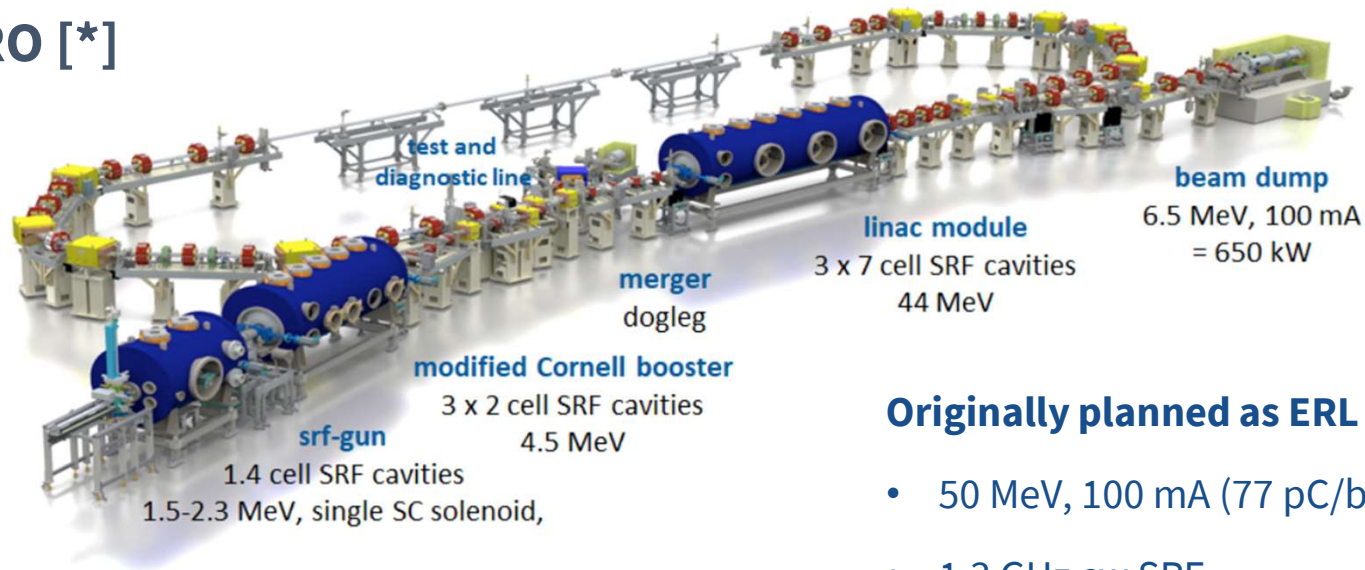


BERLINPRO AND SEALAB

- The „Berlin ERL Project“ officially ended 2020 with completion of the building, infrastructure and major warm systems
- Until today no e-beam in the bunker, due to major delays in many subprojects
- Activities continue under the name SEALAB (Superconducting RF Electron Accelerator Laboratory)



BERLINPRO [*]



Originally planned as ERL with:

- 50 MeV, 100 mA (77 pC/bunch)
- 1.3 GHz cw SRF
- 1 mm mrad normalized emittance
- 100 fs – 2 ps bunch length

[*] M. Abo-Bakr et al., “Status Report of the Berlin Energy Recovery Linac Project BERLinPro”, Proc. IPAC’18, Vancouver, Canada, Apr.-May 2018, pp. 4127–4130

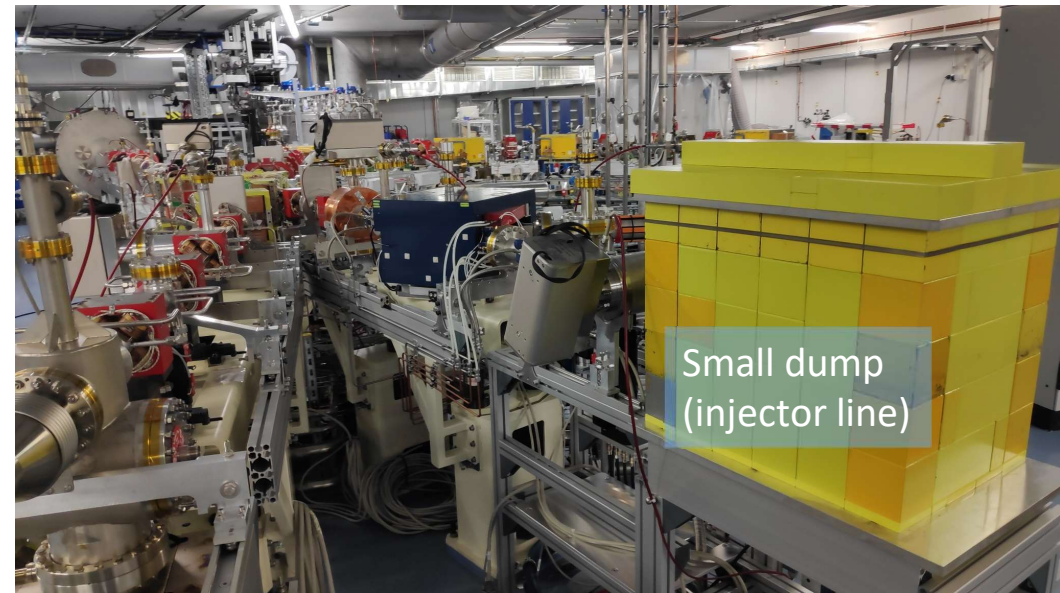
RADIATION PROTECTION [1-3]

- All systems completed:
 - Personnel safety interlock (PSI)
 - Ambient dosimetry
 - Air activation/emission monitoring
 - Machine activation measurement
 - Leakage water collection
 - Bulk & dump shielding

[1] L. Pichl et al., “Radiation Protection Instrumentation of bERLinPro”, RadSynch19, Lund, 2019

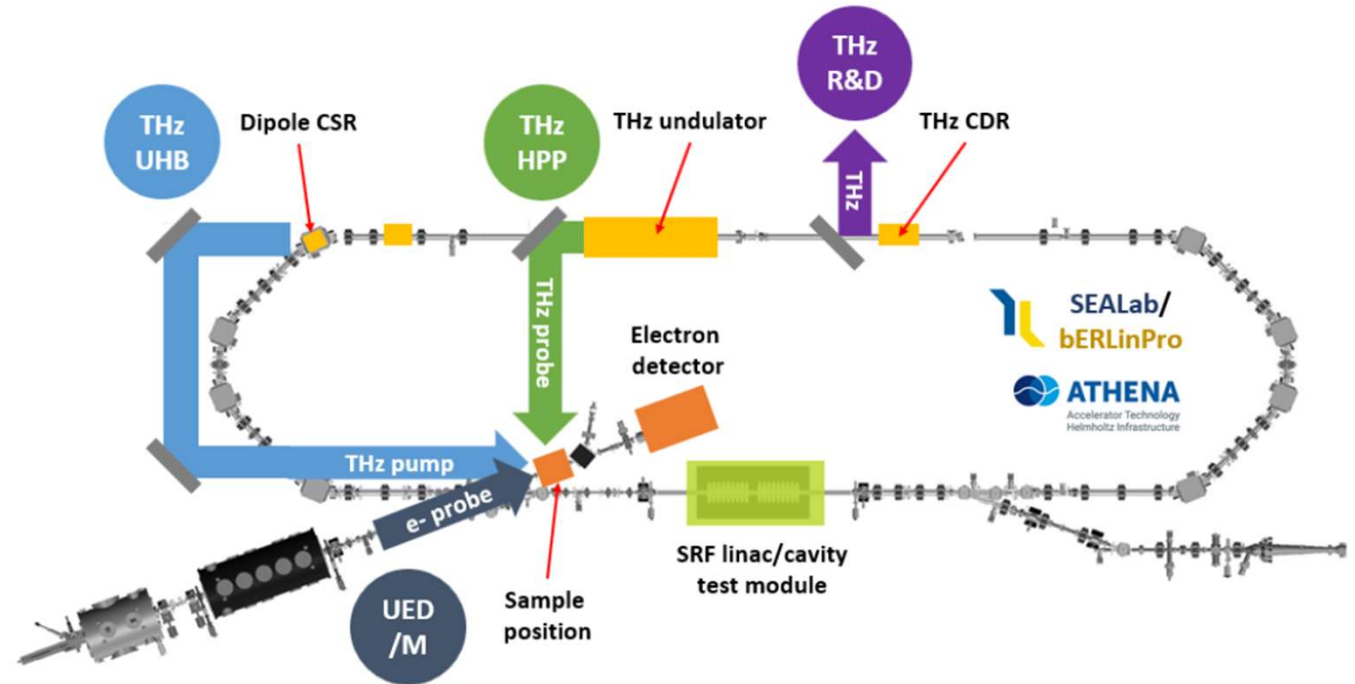
[2] K. Ott, Y. Bergmann, “Radiation Protection Issues of bERLinPro”, RadSynch15, Hamburg, 2015

[3] K. Ott, M. Helmecke, “The Shielding Design of bERLinPro”, Proc. IPAC2011, San Sebastian, 2011



THE SEALAB VISION [*]

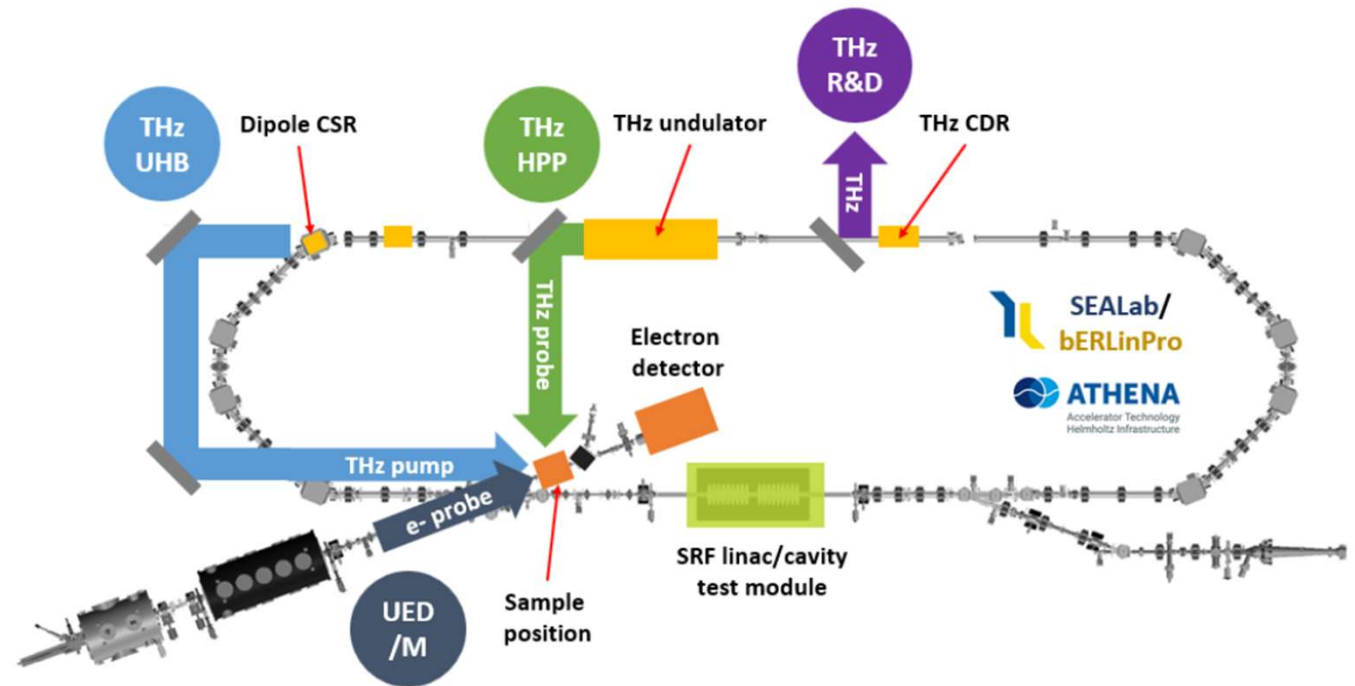
- R&D outside a rigid project structure
- Flexible test facility for CW SRF
- UED as first application of the injector



[*] A. Neumann et al., "bERLinPro BECOMES SEALab: STATUS AND PERSPECTIVE OF THE ENERGY RECOVERY LINAC AT HZB", Proc. IPAC2022, Bangkok, TUPOPT048, 2022

THE SEALAB VISION [*]

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- UED as first application of the injector



- ...actual plans exist for gun, booster and UED
- First gun RF tests expected this summer, photoelectrons several months later

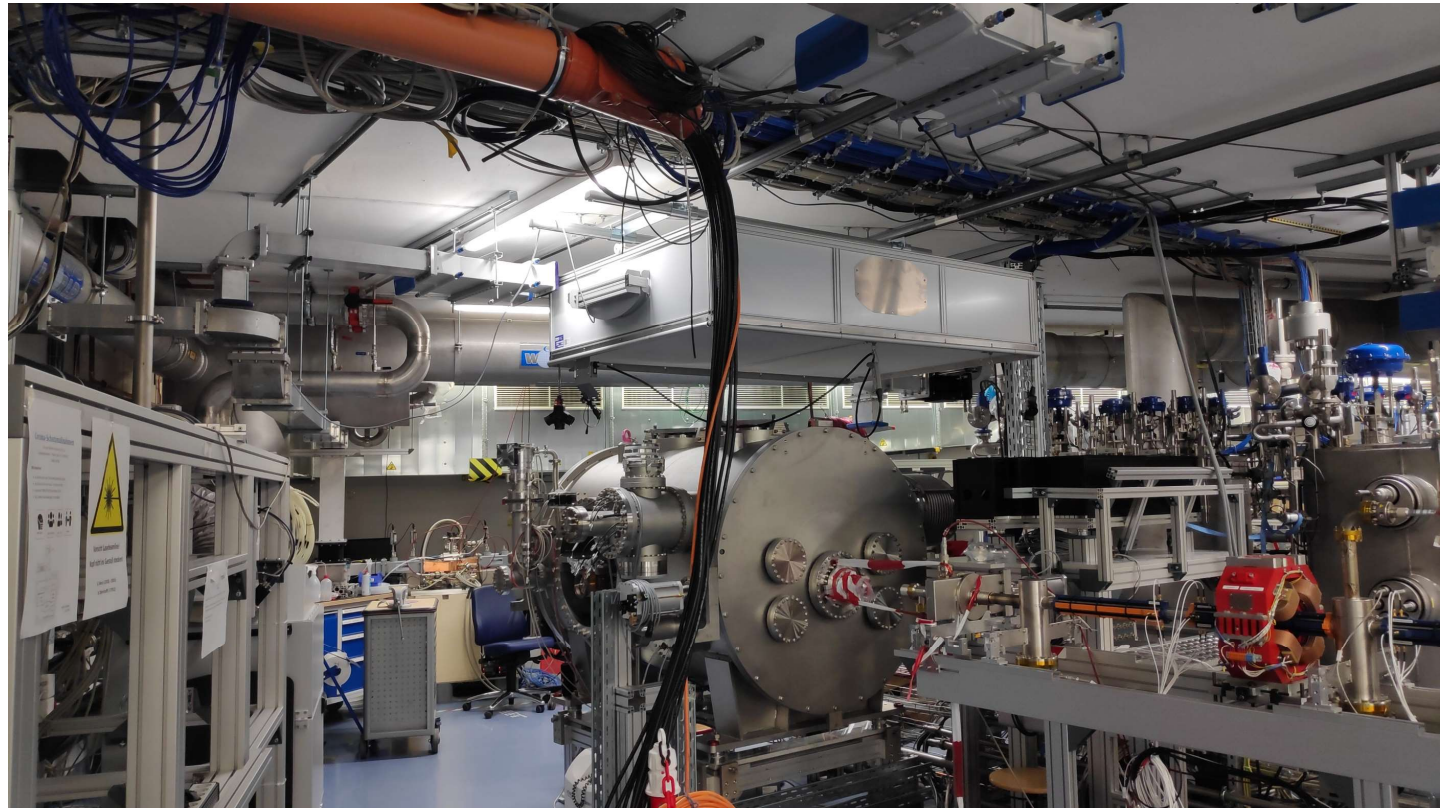
Parameters for injector/UED:

- $E < 10$ MeV (no activation)
- $I < 10$ mA
- 0.05 – 400 pC bunch charge

[*] A. Neumann et al., "bERLinPro BECOMES SEALab: STATUS AND PERSPECTIVE OF THE ENERGY RECOVERY LINAC AT HZB", Proc. IPAC2022, Bangkok, TUOPT048, 2022

SEALAB STATUS

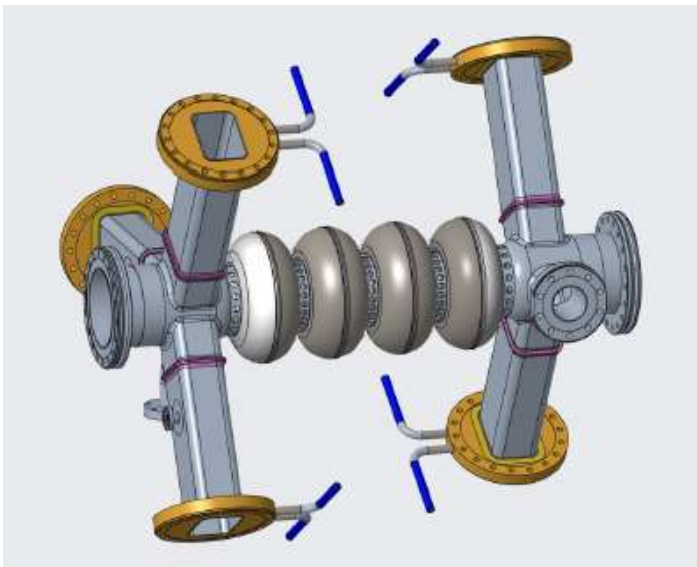
- Cavity & module in place
- Final RF connections TBD
- „1st meter“ TBD



- First gun RF tests expected this summer, photoelectrons several months later

LARGE VERTICAL TEST STAND (LVTS)

- Testing of SRF cavities w/o module
- Large, flexible cryo tank for different cavity types (but high He costs)
- 5 m deep bunker for 5 Sv/h
- Operation started 2 weeks ago



VSR Demo project:

- 4 cell, 1.5 GHz cavity (cw SRF)
- To be tested in LVTS & SEALab
- Maybe useable for BESSY II(?)
- Delays by RI





Many thanks to...

Yvonne Bergmann, Anne Bundels, Lutz Pichl (co-authors)

Klaus Ott (retired)

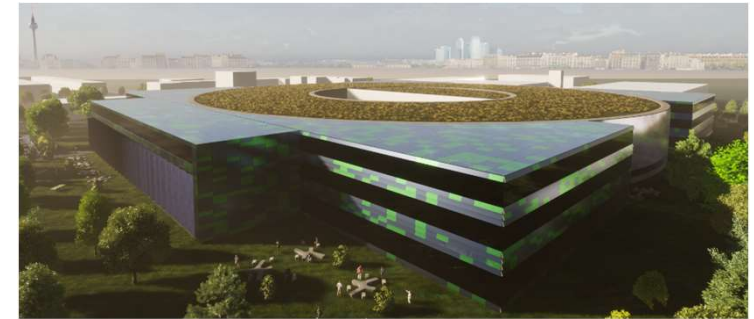
RF group

Thank you for your attention!

BESSY III – A materials discovery facility

BESSY III Mission: New materials and technologies for a sustainable future

Enabling advances in energy conversion and storage, catalysis, green IT, ...



Multimodal
operando and
in-situ
capabilities



Highest
brilliance and
coherence,
nano-foci



Quantitative
materials
science
(with PTB)



Materials
Science
Campus Berlin
Adlershof



AI-guided
autonomous
research and
FAIR data

→ The leading European facility for soft and tender X-rays