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# The high speed microstrip detector Gotthard-II: Architecture, features and applications

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On behalf of Gotthard-II contributors:

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### Introduction

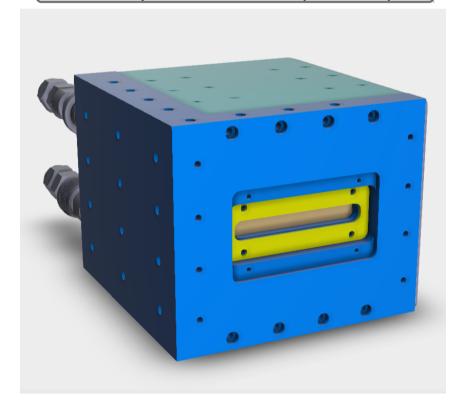
#### The Gotthard-II detector:

- High speed silicon microstrip detector specifically developed for EuXFEL capable of taking images at 4.5 MHz frame rate for all the 2700 pulses at the EuXFEL
- Extended applications and usage at synchrotrons when operating in different modes
- 50 um / 25 um pitch strips of 1280 / 2560 channels on 450 um / 320 um thick silicon
- 29 Gotthard-II detectors (46 modules) to be commissioned at the EuXFEL in 2021
  → talk of M. Ramilli in Session 3

#### 50 um pitch Gotthard-II (1280 ch.)



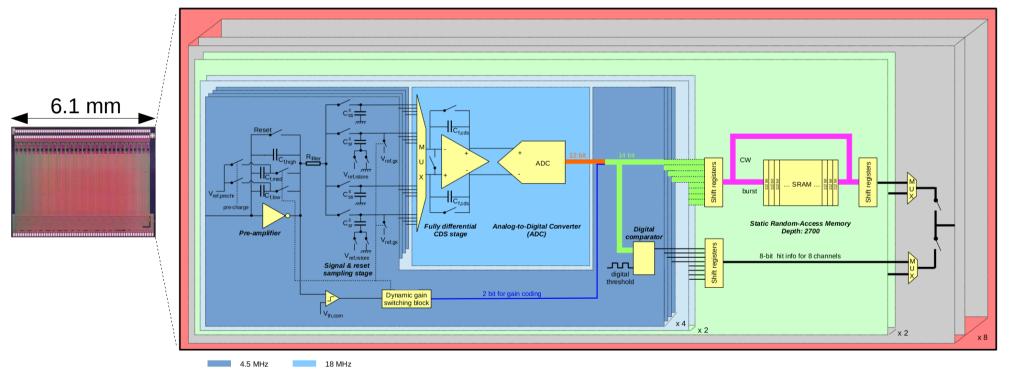
#### 25 um pitch Gotthard-II (2560 ch.)





## The architecture and possible operations

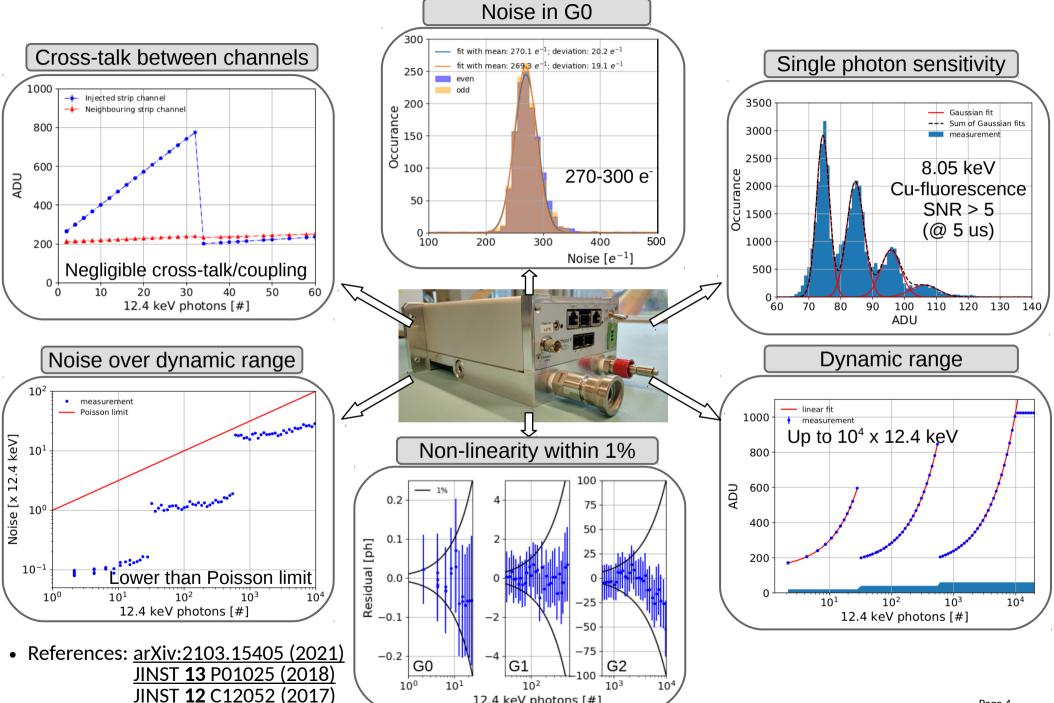
- The Gotthard-II ASIC architecture (128 channels / ASIC): details  $\rightarrow$  arXiv:2103.15405
  - $^-$  128 dynamic gain switching pre-amplifier ( $\rightarrow$  G1, AGIPD & Jungrau) with high DC gain
  - 32 fully differential CDS stages (S&H) and "12-bit" on-chip SAR ADCs of > 18 MS/s
  - 16 compact SRAMs with a memory depth for 2720 images
  - 128 digital comparators with 14 bit for each channel



- The 3 operating modes in Gotthard-II:
  - Burst mode @ max. 4.5 MHz for 2720 images → EuXFEL
  - Continuous mode @ max. 410 kHz frame rate  $\rightarrow$  Synchrotrons and CW FELs
  - Counting mode @ max. 4.5 MHz (1 bit per channel)  $\rightarrow$  Synchrotrons



## The features and characteristics



12.4 keV photons [#]

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# The Gotthard-II applications

- Applications: Suitable for experiments with 1-D geometry
  - Photon beam shot-to-shot diagnostics using hard X-ray high resolution single shot spectrometer (HiREX)
  - Photon arrival time monitor (PAM) for pump-probe exp.
  - Veto signal generation for pixel detectors
  - X-ray emission, absorption and diffraction spectroscopy
  - Energy dispersive experiments, i.e. EDXAS



