

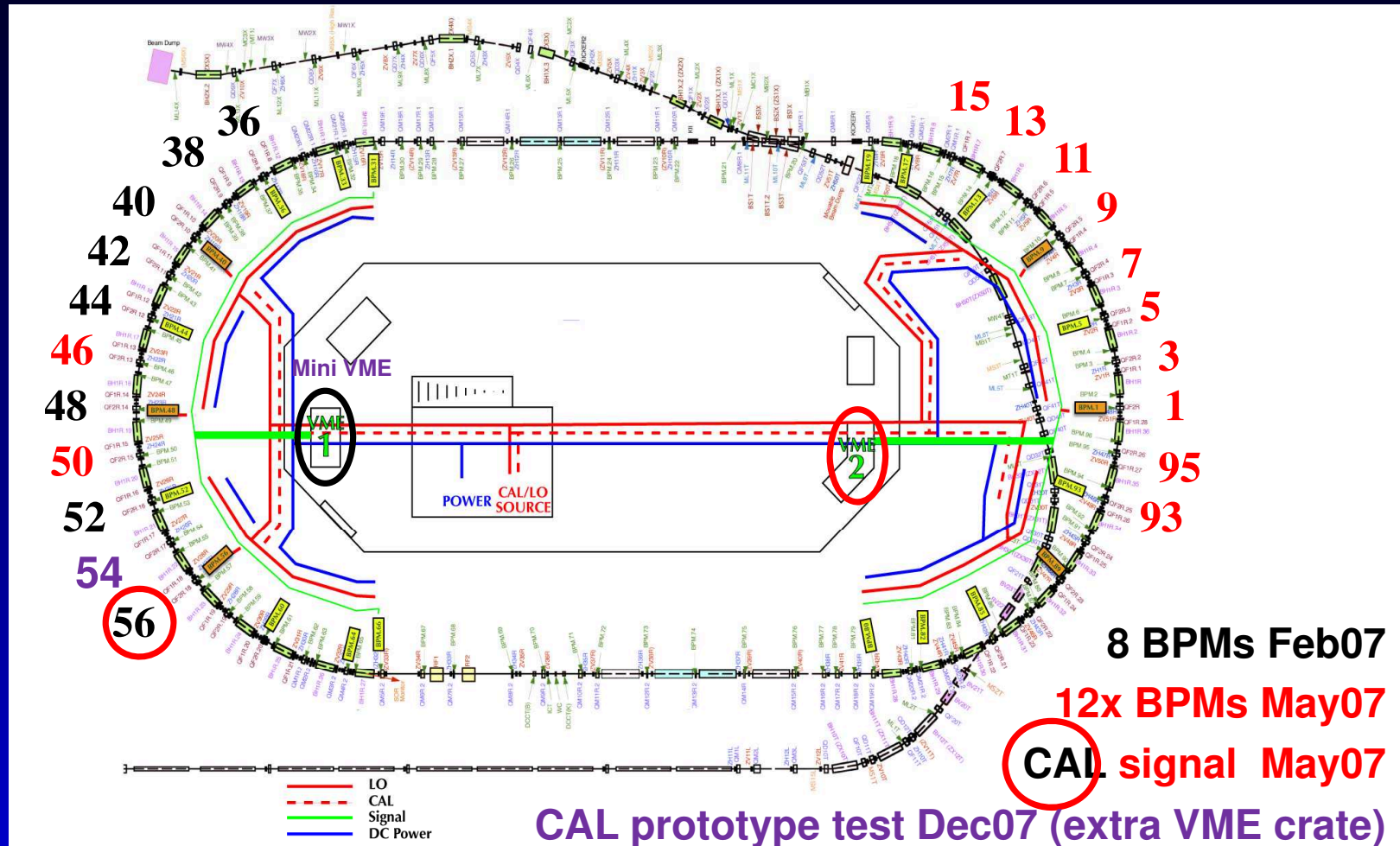
Measurement of resonance terms in the ATF Damping Ring via the Fourier spectrum of turn-by-turn data



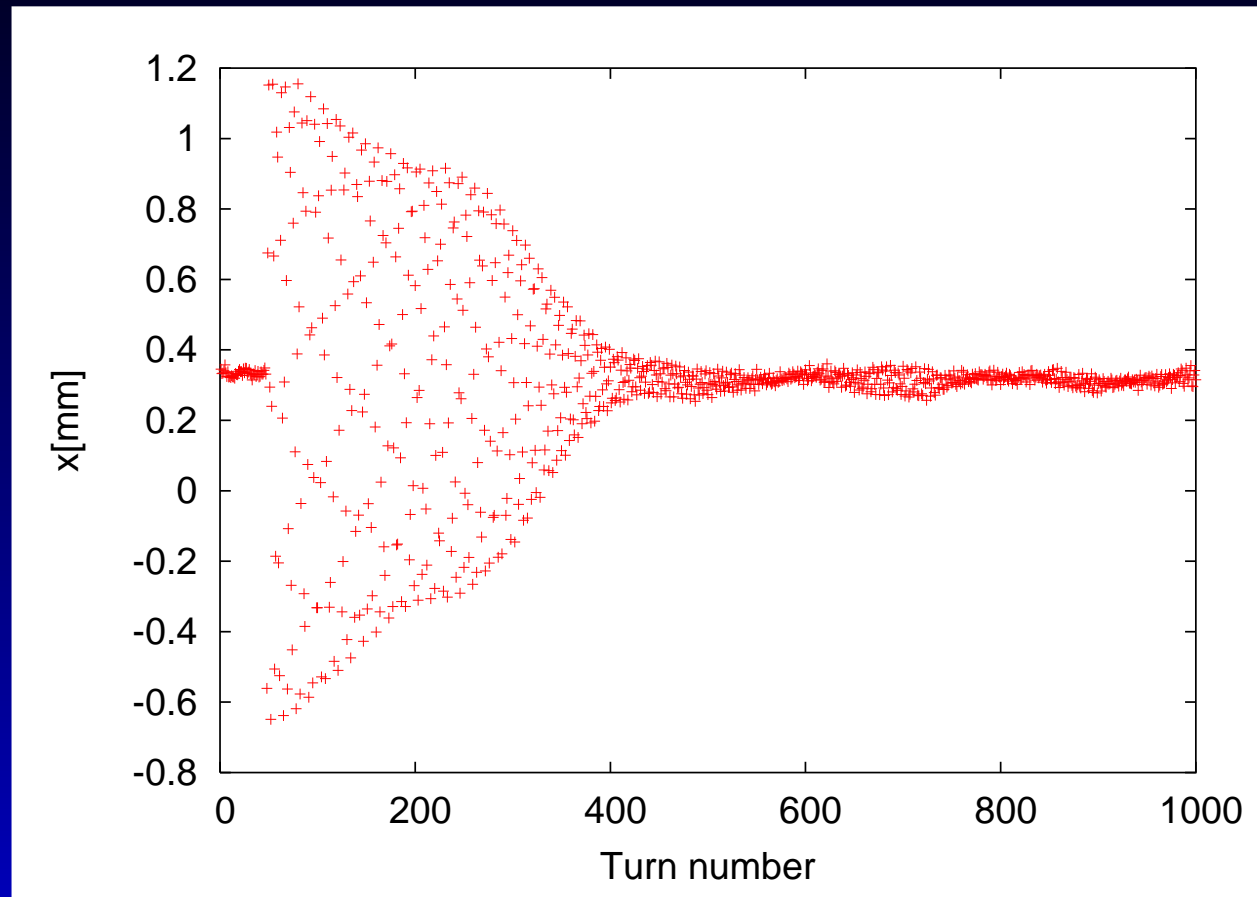
R. Tomás, F. Zimmermann, CERN
K. Kubo, S. Kuroda, T. Naito, T. Okugi, J. Urakawa,
KEK

Thanks to: H. Braun and Y. Papaphilippou

ATF Damping Ring



Trun-by-turn BPM data



- A single-turn kick excites betatron motion.
- Filamentation damps the centroid oscillation.

Measurement from BPM data

Momentum reconstruction from 2 BPMs:

$$p_{12}(N) = (x_1(N) + x_2(N) \sin \delta) / \cos \delta$$

Description of the motion:

$$x_1(N) - ip_{12}(N) = \sqrt{\beta_{x1}} \left\{ \sqrt{2I_x} e^{i(2\pi\nu_x N + \psi_{x1})} - \right. \\ \left. 2i \sum_{jklm} j f_{jklm}^{(1)} (2I_x)^{\frac{j+k-1}{2}} (2I_y)^{\frac{l+m}{2}} \times \right. \\ \left. e^{i[(1-j+k)(2\pi\nu_x N + \psi_{x1}) + (m-l)(2\pi\nu_y N + \psi_{y1})]} \right\}$$

→ $f_{jklm}^{(1)}$ can be inferred from the FFT

What is f_{jklm} ?

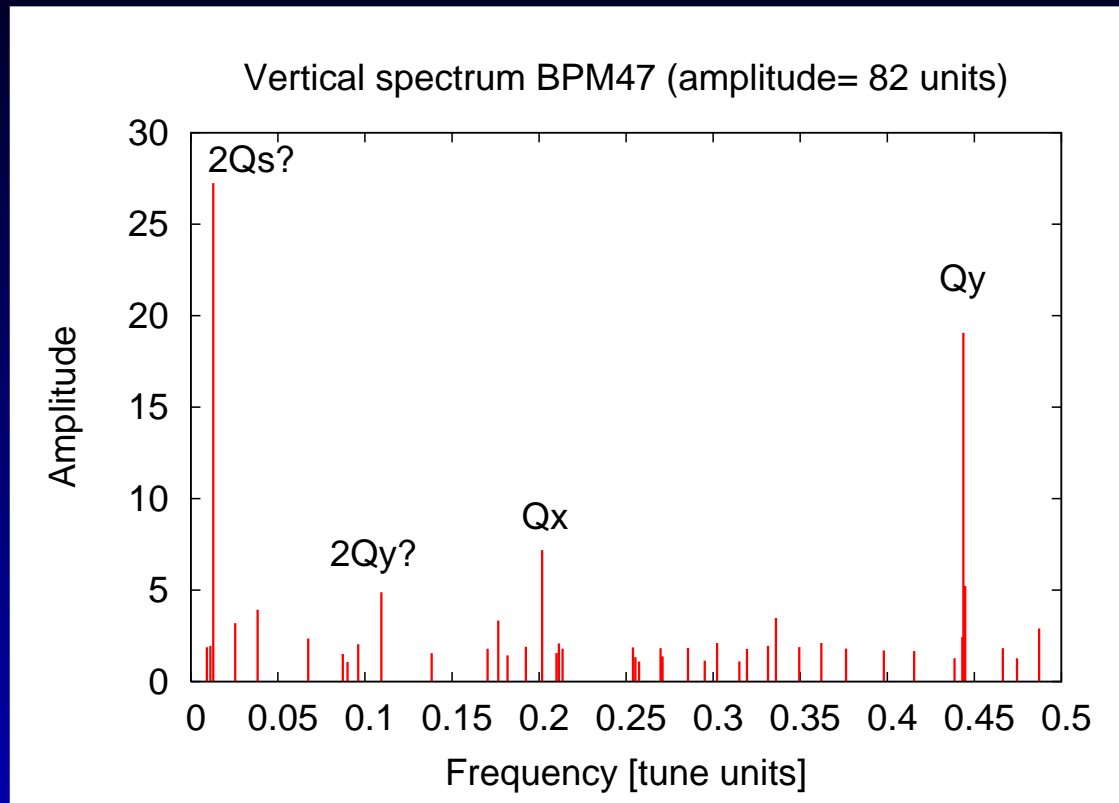
It is proportional to the Hamiltonian term h_{jklm} :

$$f_{jklm} = \frac{h_{jklm}}{1 - e^{-i2\pi[(j-k)Q_x + (l-m)Q_y]}} .$$

It drives resonances and spectral lines:

Term	Resonance	Type	Line	Plane
f_{1001}	(1,-1)	norm.	$-Q_y$	H
f_{3000}	(3,0)	norm.	$-2Q_x$	H
f_{0210}	(2,1)	skew	$2Q_x$	V
f_{0030}	(0,3)	skew	$-2Q_y$	V

Spectrum example (vertical)



Q_x line comes from linear coupling.

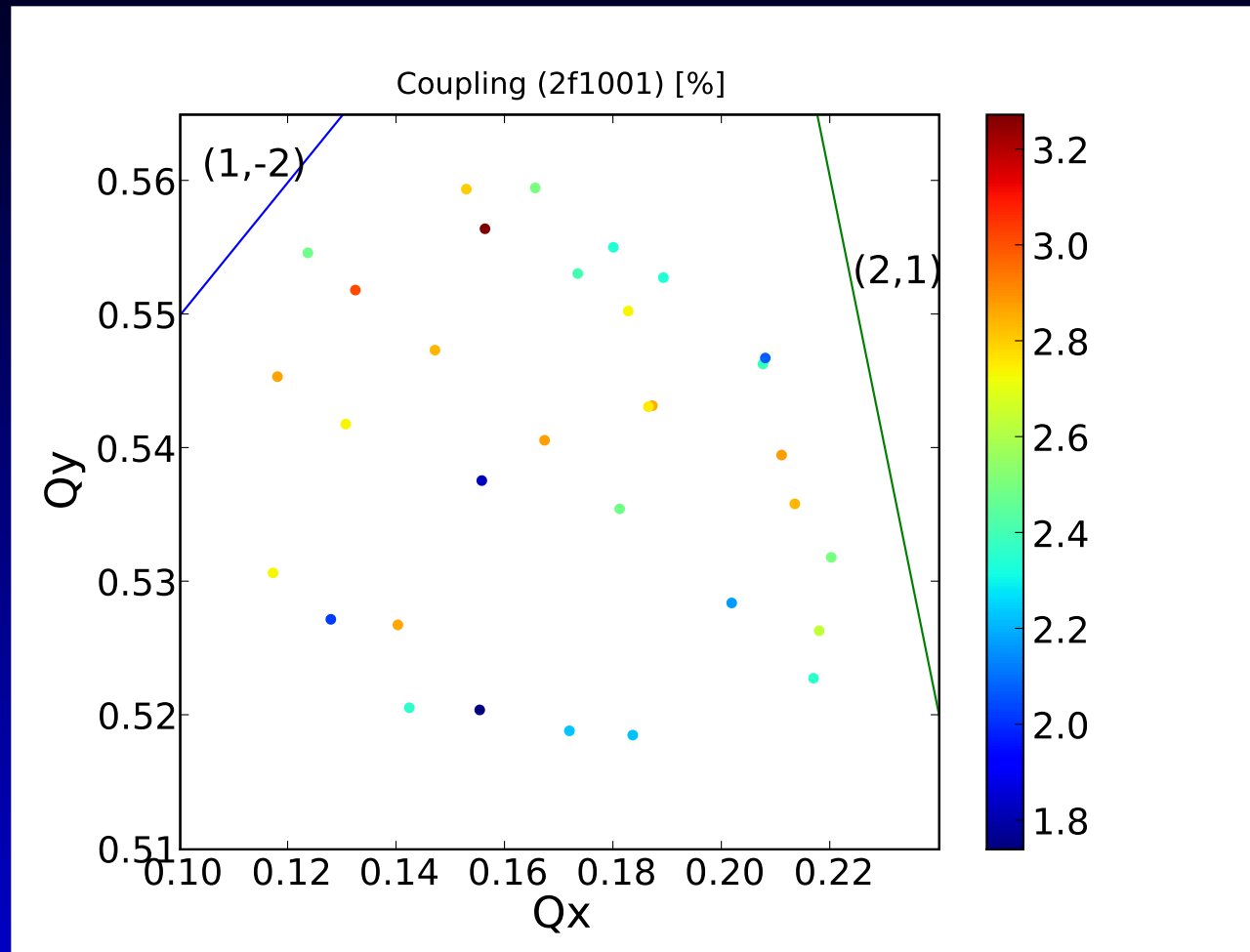
$2Q_y$ line related to resonance (0,3). This resonance is driven by skew sextupoles.

Coupling measurement: f_{1001}

$$2|f_{1001}| = \sqrt{\frac{\text{line}(0, 1)_h \text{line}(1, 0)_v}{\text{line}(1, 0)_h \text{line}(0, 1)_v}}$$

- Calibration independent
- Kick independent
- Model independent

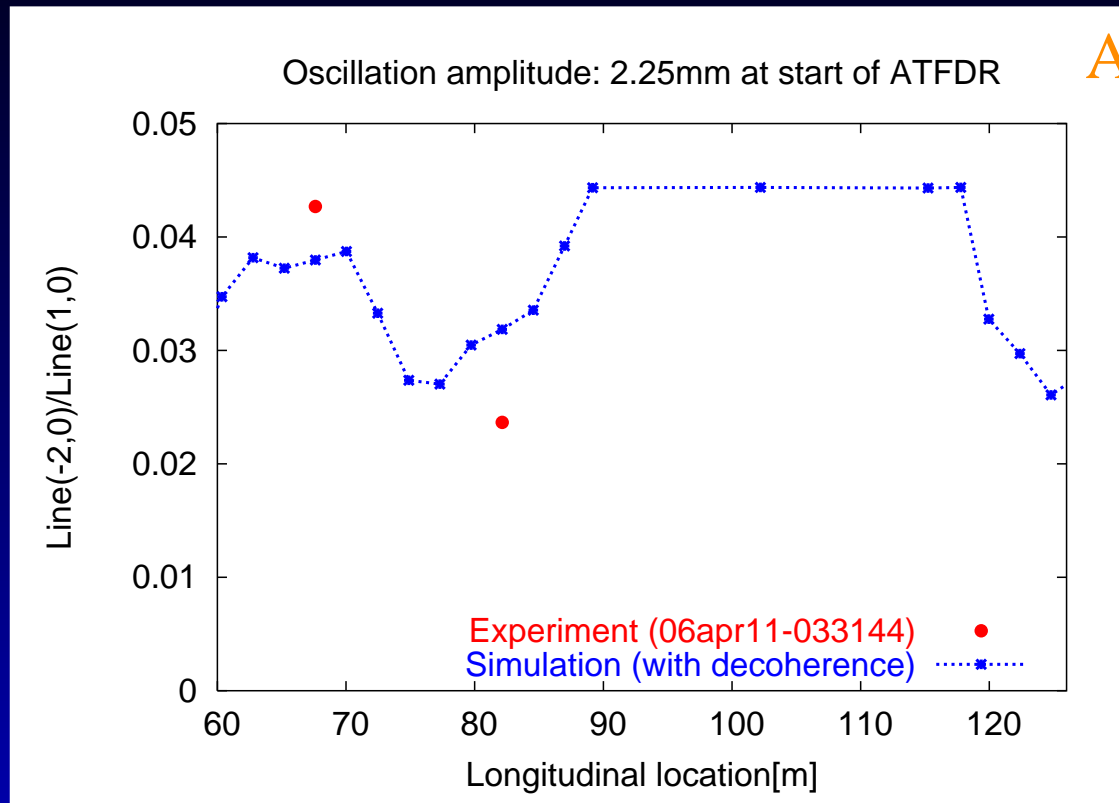
Measuring f_{1001} in ATF



Average coupling = $2.5\% \pm 0.3\%$, (quite flat).

Measuring (3,0) Resonance

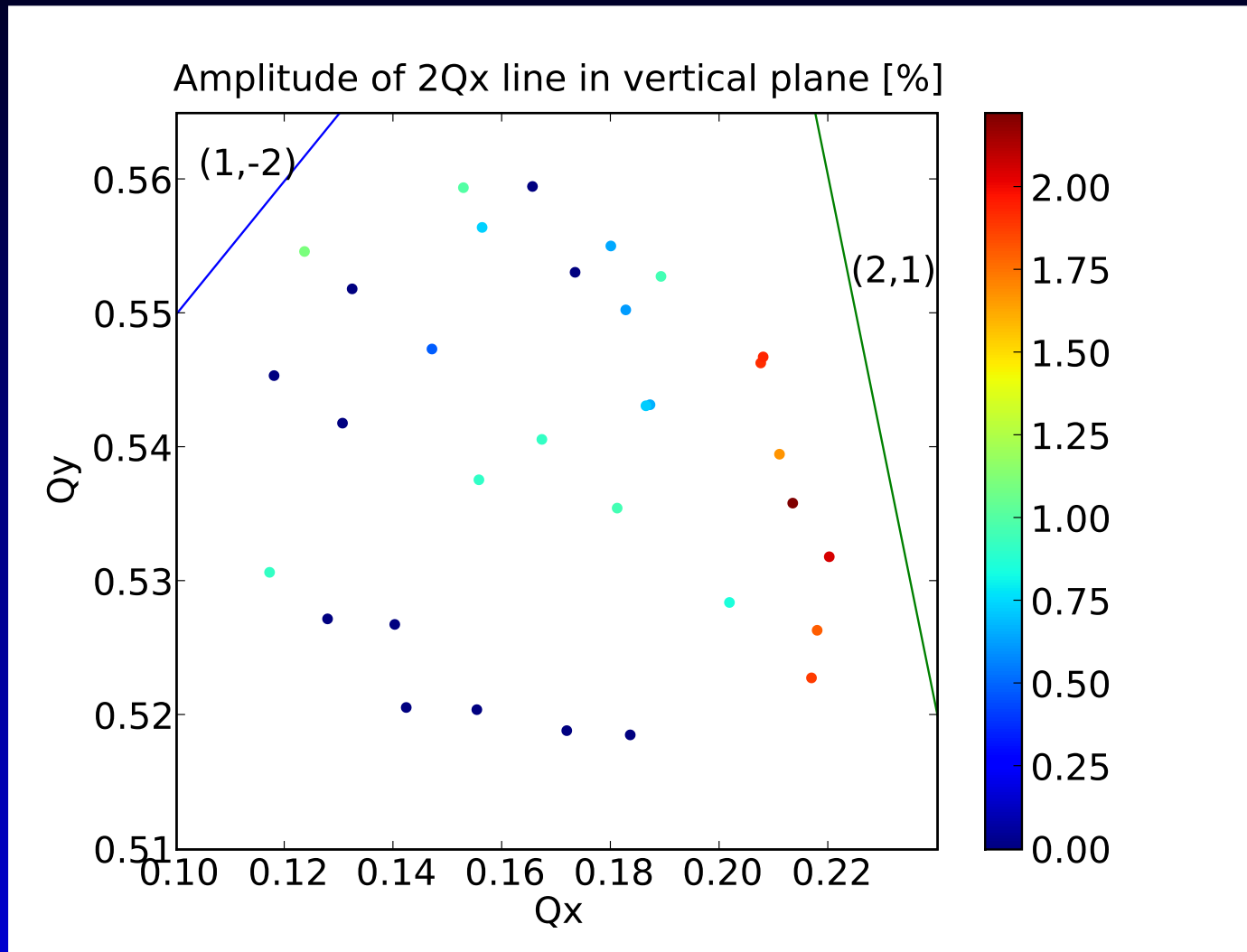
ATF report 06-08



Horizontal resonance (3,0) successfully probed via spectral line $-2Q_x$.

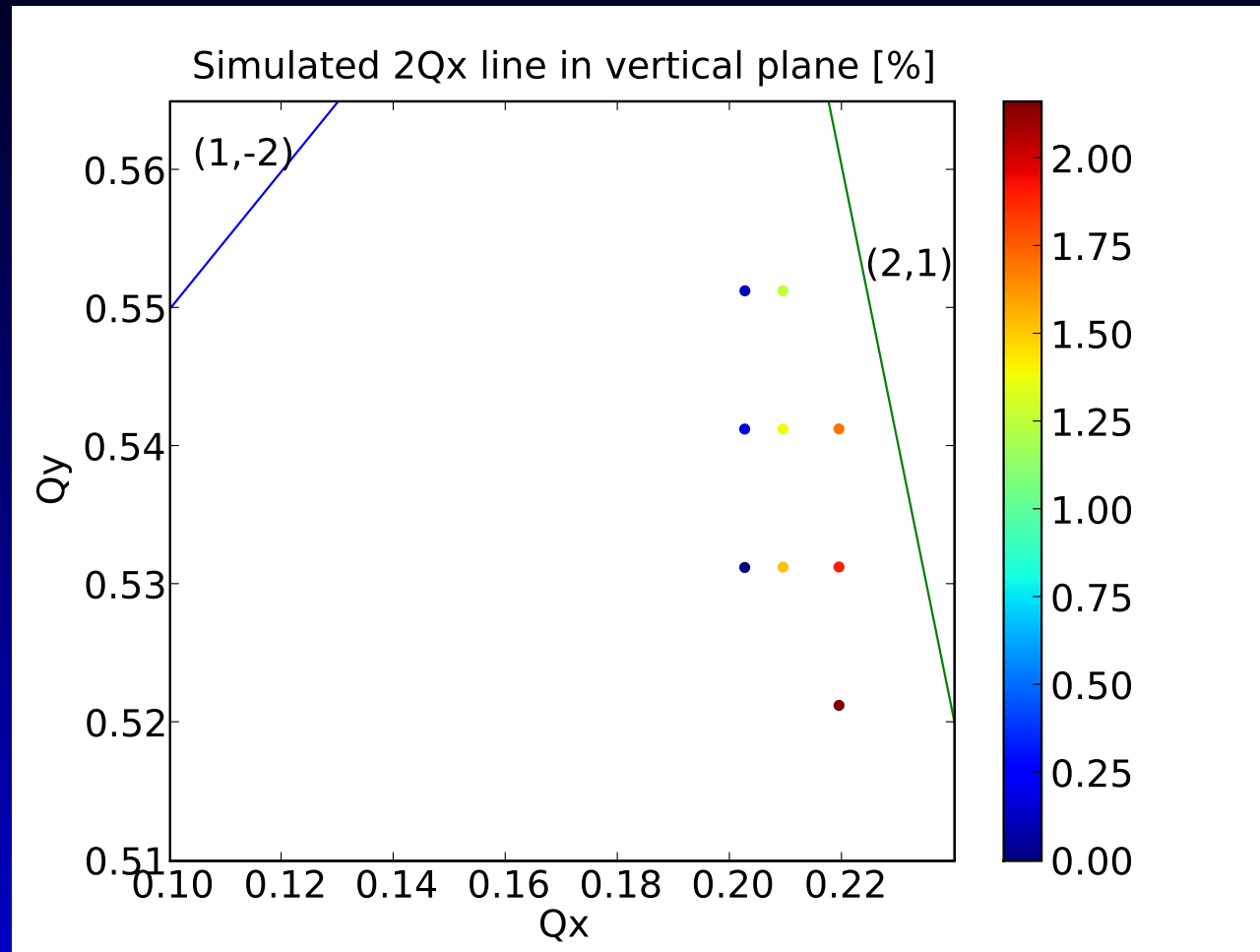
However vertical plane totally unprobed.

Measuring skew resonance (2,1)



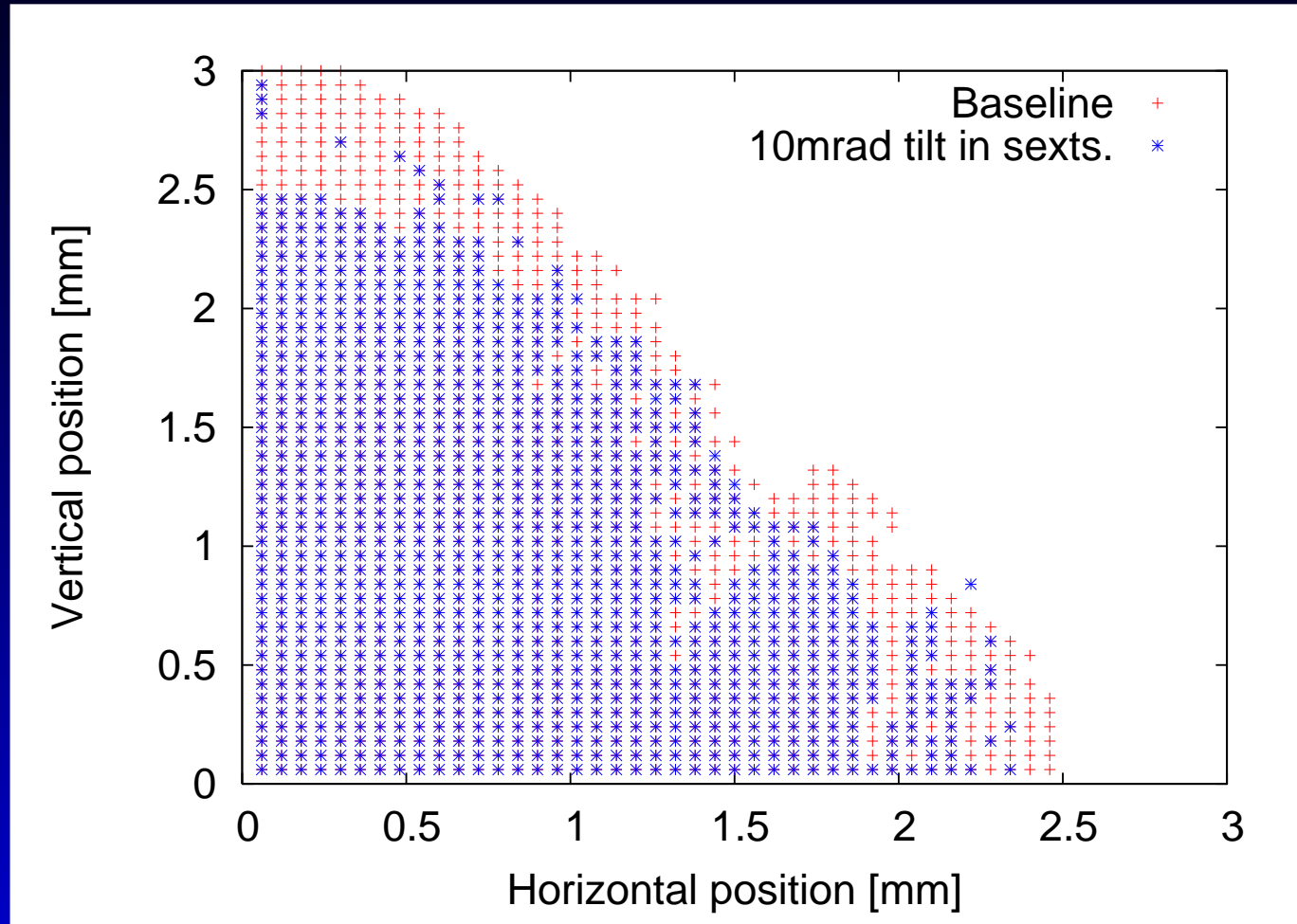
- Clear correlation between line and resonance!
- And it seems to be large!

Simulating resonance (2,1)



→ 10mrad random tilts at the sextupoles are required to reproduce the measurement.

Computing DA with sextupole tilts

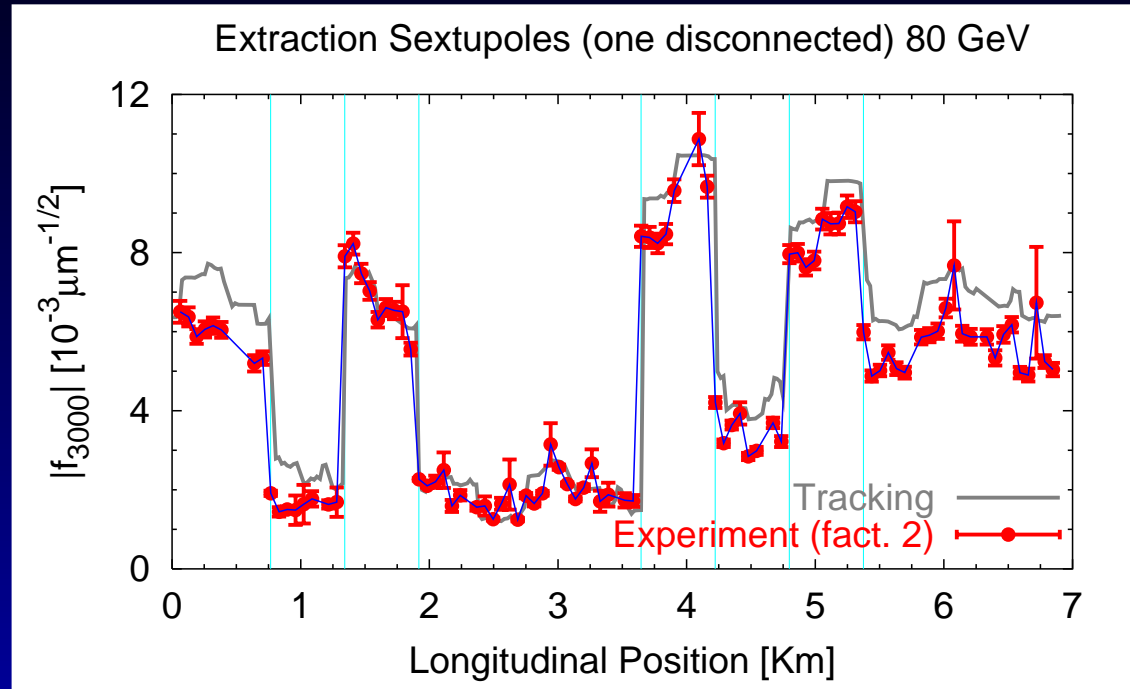


→ 10mrad tilts certainly have an impact on DA!

Conclusions

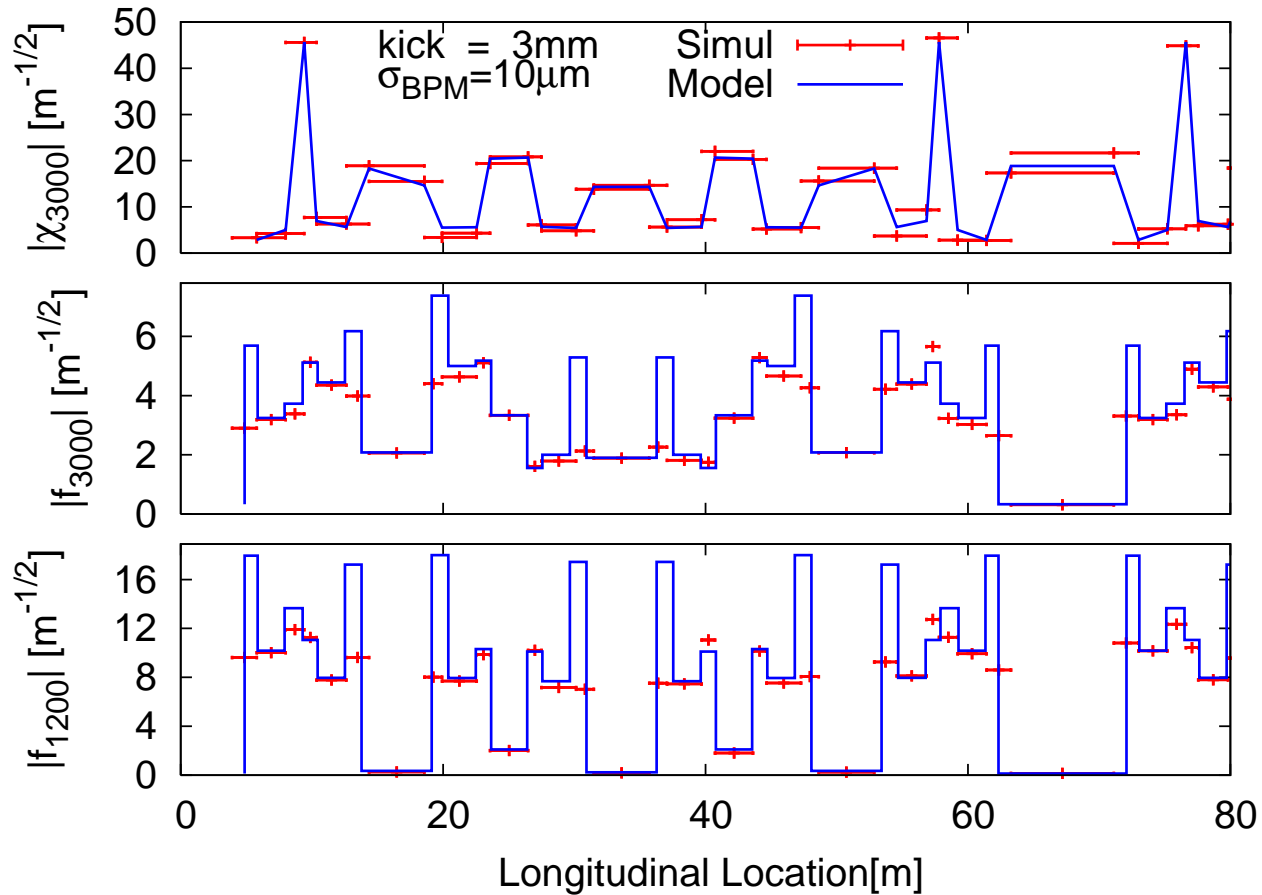
- Measurement of resonance driving terms proofs useful in ATF.
- Important coupling and skew sextupolar errors have been identified.
- A realignment of the machine is being considered to correct these errors (ATF has no skew sextupoles).
- Many turn-by-turn BPMs are being installed
- This could allow localizing errors as in the SPS...

SPS experience



http://www.tesisenxarxa.net/TESIS_UV/AVAILABLE/TDX-0219104-131907/rogelio.pdf

Realistic simulations for ALBA



Some references

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... and many more...